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## **CHAPTER 1**

### **RELIGION AND PSYCHOLOGY**

This chapter would enable students to understand the difference between Religion and psychology and reasons why every man diatomite different psychology gets united in social network by religion to live happily together.

It would also highlight the importance and impacts of religion as on individual and community.

Lord of universe has endowed man with countless favors and bounties. But Wisdom and knowledge are the most significant gift to man. Due wisdom and knowledge man is always occupied with thinking, planning, ideas and actions which also directly affects everyone's feelings and emotions.

Generally, men of less wisdom and short knowledge are more emotional and stubborn than those who are intelligent and have more knowledge; they are cool, calm and patient and hurdle the situation peacefully whereas every man psychologically is different from the other. This is the fact then how man cooperate each other, foster unity, harmony and brotherhood despite different psychology, nature and character. That is because religion is part of his nature if religion had not been in his nature, he would have been the most selfish, greedy and ferocious beast on earth.

Religion is also the source of all knowledge and science of all subjects whereas psychology is Just one branch or one subject of social science to study human nature. It tell us how one individual feels and reacts in particular situation and circumstances. and absorbs, reacts to environment, interacts with community, whereas religion covers, all aspects of human life whether it is feeling emotions, actions, thoughts, knowledge or social moral aspects of life.

Religion is divine, holy and sacred which aims to protect man from all evils, and makes him obedient to Allah whereas Psychology of every man try to seek little space and freedom for, some liberal activities which may be in contrast and contradiction to the religious norms and moral values of man and is harmful to him and to the society therefore the psychology tries to cure patient is cured from the psychological defects as to adjust him in the society whereas the religion let him to sustain his life in this world and hereafter.





## SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER

### **Q1. What is the meaning of 'Religion'?**

Ans: The meaning of religion! It is the combination of "faith" and Worships. Faith and worship are defined by Allah. Faith makes him believer and obedient to God. Worships is the is the practical holy exercise and evidence of his loyalty and obedience to Allah.

### **Q2. The meaning of Psychology, Explains**

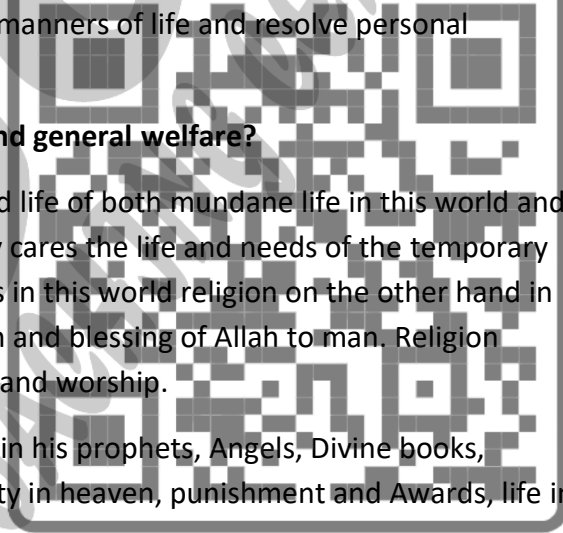
Ans: Psychology decals human behavior in different situations and environment. It has nothing to do with hereafter Psychology is a mean or method to get Some the knowledge from the patient about his feeling, emotion. and sentiment which can only be utilized for his own benefits. Psychology, may prescribe some exercises the and medicine to the patient (man). The psychology of all controls not only an men in a community is different from each other. Psychology helps the individual to learn manners of life and resolve personal emotional issue.

### **Q3. What is the difference between religion and general welfare?**

Ans: Religion looks after the welfare of man and life of both mundane life in this world and immortal life in hereafter. General welfare only cares the life and needs of the temporary world. It is based on materialism and happiness in this world religion on the other hand in concern more about his immortal life in heaven and blessing of Allah to man. Religion comprises two most important elements; faith and worship.

Faith is the belief in the Unity of Allah, believe; in his prophets, Angels, Divine books, resurrection day resurrection day, accountability in heaven, punishment and Awards, life in hereafter etc.

Worships are manners of submission and absolute obedience to Allah. In Islamic religion prayers, fasting, recitation of Quran, Hajj etc. are the kinds of worships.





## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

**Q1. Point out main differences between religion and psychology.**

Ans:

Religion	Psychology
Religion covers all aspects of life	Psychology decals human behavior in different situations and environment.
It takes care this, world and hereafter	It has nothing to do with hereafter
Religion is source all knowledge and information. This knowledge is useful for the whole mankind and universe.	Psychology is a mean or method to get Some the knowledge from the patient about his feeling, emotion, and sentiment which can only be utilized for his own benefits.
Religion is based on divine knowledge and instruction for man to follow and implement in the daily routine of life.	Psychology, may prescribe some exercises the and medicine to the patient (man).
Religion is all practical. It individual but the whole community and state. The action of all men under the particular religion is same and similar.	The psychology of all controls not only an men in a community is different from each other.
Religious teaches man the objectives of the, manners of life to the whole mankind.	Psychology helps the individual to learn manners of life and resolve personal emotional issue.

**Q2. The basis of religious training is divine messages.**

Ans: The basis of religious training is belief in Allah and His divine messages to the mankind trough his prophets Messages contain details of manners, procedures and rules of conduct for the man so that he could live and complete his tenure of life with bliss and in harmony with other creatures. This training is given to men by the best of all men in that period of time by prophets who are selected by Allah and are given extra ordinary given extra ordinary intelligence, divine knowledge and miracles.



### One word Answer

**1. Faculty of Reason and Intelligence is given to**

Ans: Mankind

**2. The system of faith and worship is called:**

Ans: Religion



3. The Science to Study human thinking and attitude is called

Ans: Psychology

4. The basis of religious Training.

Ans: Divine message

5. Religion and Psychology affects

Ans: Attitude

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## Chapter 2

### Religion & Secular Ethics

This chapter would enable students to understand the role of religion in the development of a civil society. In addition, we will also study secularism and the differences between secularism and religion.

First it must be understood without any doubt that Allah who is the creator of everything in the universe is also fully aware of every human need and his psychology, therefore, he has always designed religion according to human psychology. Religion has never been a forceful imposition by Allah. It was designed on the demand and requirement of people in purview of their social and cultural and geographical environment.

It is anti-religion propaganda by irreligious people to study Religion and human nature as two different contrast subjects. Religion and human nature are the same and one thing. This is the reason that religion plays an exclusive role in the construction and evolution of a progressive civil society. Some of the salient points of religion impacts are as under.

- (a) Religion inspires man to do goods for own self and for the community.
- (b) Religion discourages, checks and controls all evil social, moral crimes, lawlessness, corruption, and other crimes etc. with accountability and punishment.
- (c) Religion elevates moral, ethical values through worships, rituals and festivals.
- (d) Religion teaches man to protect each other life, property and respect.
- (e) It is the religion which urges wealthy people to take care and help out poor man through charity, zakat, Sadat etc.
- (f) Religion discourages people to accumulate wealth for own sake. It directs man to live a simple and clean life.
- (g) Religion enhances tolerance amongst each other of different religion.
- (h) Religion directs man to learn divine knowledge
- (i) Religion inspires man to do social service for and modern education. mankind without any prejudice
- (j) Religion creates confidence to speak truth and support what is right at any cost.

The above are some of the salient points that how religion caters for individual and community to create a peaceful and progressive society.



It is without doubt can be confirmed that religion is the solution of life for every man on earth and without religion life is nothing but a curse upon him.

## **Ethics and Secular ethics**

The word ethics is derived from GREEK word ethos which means custom, habits, characters. It is also meant for the use of God gifted abilities. Ethics is a science of Morality which analytically studies different Principles, rules, traditions, customs etc, on the basis of reason and wisdom without any reference to religion as to find out what is good or bad for the individual and the whole community.

### **Kinds of Ethics**

#### **Virtue ethics**

It is based on purity mind, fine characters and honesty.

#### **Consequent ethics**

It is such act of ethics whose result is good for everyone.

#### **Deontological ethics**

It is to carry out duties rightly without any consideration of its result and impact.

#### **Religious Ethics**

In this kind, the merit of any action, custom/ tradition or social condition is checked on the principles of religion.

#### **Secular Ethics**

It is to analyze the principles of ethics from rational, logical humanistic point of view; Religion has no consideration in secular ethics Under mentioned are brief comments of some Philosopher about Ethics.

#### **Immanuel Kant**

He wrote a book on ethics "Ground work of the metaphysics" He opined that Principles of Ethics must be based on the nature of man and universe. Every act should be done as duty with honesty and not from fear and not to please someone

#### **Tiruvallur**

He is the philosopher of south India. He wrote a book on Ethics "The Krawl "It is consisted of his 1330 quotations (Sayings) in the context of virtue, love, wealth etc.

#### **George Jecon Holyoke**





He is an English philosopher. He opines that all innovative ideas not in confrontation with religion must be advanced. He Wrote book English Secularism on Ethics and sed first time the word secular Ethics.

### **Fridrieh Nietzsche**

He is German Thinker. He wrote three. books on the subject. On the Genealogy of Moral, Beyond Good and Evil Thus spoke Zarth He opined what is good for every-one is to be adopted and what is bad is bad to be discarded

### **J.S. Mill**

He is English Scholar. He wrote utilitarianism He opined Things to be done which is good for all Main difference between secularism/religion Ethics. Secular Ethics keeps out religious interference and influence in State affairs and administration while religion Ethics carry out state business in the light of religion.

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## SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER

### 1. What is the meaning of ethics?

Ans: Ethics is a Greek Word: It is derived from Ethos.

It means custom. habits, characters, and attitude and conduces to deal with people.

### 2. Who introduced the secular ethics?

Ans: He is the English Phosphor.

His name is George Jecon Holyoke.

He used the word secular first time in his book an English secularism.

### 3. Explain Secular ethics.

Ans: Secular ethics is based on humanity, reason and wisdom. There is no consideration of any religious perception, if something is good for all people, is enforced so at people irrespective of any consideration enjoy life and freedom

### 4. What is the main difference between secularism and religion?

Ans: The main difference between religion and secular ethics is that religion considers any principle of morality and ethics in the light of religion context. If it does not contravene the dictates of religion it is accepted and enforced.

Secular ethics does not include any religious consideration in formulating rules of etiquette and norms of society for the benefit of all people of all religion.

### 5. Write name of any three books written on secularism.

Ans: J.S Mill (UTILITARIANISM)

Immanuel Kant (Ground work of the metaphysic of mixing)

George Jecon Holyoke (English secularism)





## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

Q1 Explain ethic and its kinds.

### **Ethics and Secular ethics**

The word ethics is derived from GREEK word ethos which means custom, habits, characters. It is also meant for the use of God gifted abilities. Ethics is a science of Morality which analytically studies different Principles, rules, traditions, customs etc.

### **Kinds of Ethics**

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### **Q2. The significance of religion from social and ethics point of view.**

Man by nature is social human being but every individual has different Psychology which is generally in conflict with other. It is the religion that controls, checks the psychology of each and every individual and unites them into one social group where everyone willingly compromises his nonentity with the other and lives with peace, love and happiness. It is religion only that creates a social and civil society.

It is religion that develops the civil society. It is religion that makes it survival. Where the principles of religion are discarded, there even the great empire is lost forever.

### **Q3. Divine message is based on principles of Religions training.**

Ans: All divine messages are mainly based on human nature. Therefore, the human nature absorb divine message into his blood and experience no difficulty to act on and follow in all reflexes he not only understands between good evil but also try believe in the unity of Allah



and can out to achieve the purpose of life as worship to one Allah and social service to mankind the fundamental principles of faith, modes of worships, festival and rituals eye all talons him.

### One word Answer

**1. In formation of ethical social society the role is most important.**

Ans: Religion

**2. The word ethics is derived from**

Ans: Greek language

**3. The world secular is first used by**

Ans: George Jacan Holyoke

**4. Prominent thinker Immanuel Kant belonged to**

Ans: Germany

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## **CHAPTER 3**

### **ALLEGED STOCKING AND ARTIFICIAL CRISIS**

#### **Crisis, Kinds and Causes:**

This chapter would help students to understand that how the lack of religious education and ignorance indulges man to temptation, greed and corruption which consequently create problems and crisis for these people. There are two kinds of crisis; Natural crisis and artificial crisis. Natural crisis is the result of anger of GOD due disobedience and misconduct of man such as corona, famine, or flood, etc. Artificial crisis are created by alleged men and traders in order to aggrandize profit or, achieve some other notorious and vicious personal designs against government or state or people. However the artificial crisis can be handled judiciously through good administration, diplomatic skill and pre emptive measures and strategy.

Pakistan by Grace of Allah is not only agriculturist country but is rich in all mineral and natural resources than a other rich and developed nation of the world. What pity that since creation of Pakistan, the country and it's people are suffering from poverty, ignorance, illiteracy etc; There are countless reasons which are now known to everyone now.

It is a shame that generally every year we get bumper crops of wheat, rice, sugarcane vegetable, fruits and other cereal and grains but the general consumers not only pay the higher prices for abundantly produced crops of wheat, rice, sugar etc. in the country but also suffer from its acute shortage. This is called the artificial crisis generated by unscrupulous traders. Who allegedly concealed its huge stocks from the government and release in local market at high prices This is a sin and a crime against people and state.

The life of the people becomes miserable. They are forced to buy at higher prices of essential goods. Price hike block the economy progress. It affects all aspects of life

In recent past our country has faced artificial food crisis one after the other beside a pandemic corona virus.

In a local village one poor farmer approached to a shop for buying flour (Wheat). He was to pay high price. Surprisingly, he asked one learned man of village Master Sanwal why the flour was so expensive when every year we produce bumper crops of various cereals. He told him that there are unpatriotic and unscrupulous businessman creates artificial crisis for making huge profit at the cost of suffering of people. They purchase most of the crops at higher prices from the farmers than government purchasing rate. Store them, export and smuggle them at higher prices. As the result government is failed to supply cereals commodities to processing mills markets, and shops etc.





The artificial crisis can however, be sorted out through religious education, stern and efficient administrative action and better planning.

Many suggestions can be given to the State and government how to eliminate the artificial crisis tradition from our culture in Pakistan. A few suggestions are as under:-

- (i) Government must lay down some principles of business ethics for all businessman whether small or tycoon. They should sign the business ethics charter before entering into business.
- (ii) Their performance according to the business ethics are to be checked time to time with accountability consequences.
- (iii) All businessmen also should attend every year some religious session as to keep always fresh in memory and practice business ethics.
- (iv) Government must make sure to buy and store the products according to the need of the country.
- (v) Control black marketing and smuggling.
- (vi) Regularize all business and trading ventures.
- (vii) Establish public markets and sell shops at concessional prices so that the goods are sold at reasonable price by the shopkeepers
- (viii) The religious and educational training must be given to all business community.







### SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER

**1. What is the meaning alleged Stocking?**

Ans: The meaning of alleged Stocking is to create artificial shortage that commodity in the market as to aggrandize the profit by selling at higher prices, by black marketing and smuggling. The other motive of stocking is to create problems for the people and state.

**2. What is the meaning of crisis?**

Ans: When daily items of use and commodities is not available to people and the life of the people become miserable. This situation is called crisis. The meaning and result of crisis is suffering of human and living and daily routine of life becomes miserable.

**3. Spell out the difference between National And international crisis.**

Ans: In National crisis only the people of that country suffer while in international crisis all people of the world suffer. Such Corona virus in pandemic means is an international crisis.

Recently in Pakistan people suffered with shortage of wheat, sugar etc. this is called national crisis,

**4. Narrate the recent crisis which affected people.**

Ans: Recently people in Pakistan suffered with artificial crisis of wheat and sugar. There was not plenty in stores of private and public sector but in the records surplus stock was shown and businessman allegedly permission from government to export the wheat and sugar, After the export of these commodities there was nothing left in Pakistan or was hidden from the government. Government had no option except to import at higher prices which also increased the per kg price of these items which is still prevailed.

**5. What is role of religion in resolving crisis?**

Ans: Religion encourages fear of God in the heart of the people to refrain them from sinful business tactics. At the same time religion guides believers the golden trading rules.

Moreover, religion abates the greed of wealth, earning of undue profit. Allah promises the believers that wealth of the world is nothing and of no value after the death of the man. Allah would count only deeds and the noble deeds for the blessing of God. Religion teaching can resolve any kind of crisis.







## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

### 1. Haw Sien Dino (villager) understood the meaning of crisis?

Ans. Master Sanwal explained Dino that some of the greedy businessman purchased all wheat's and other cereal at higher rates than government and store them into their stocks. Due to this reason government is failed to buy wheat etc. and supply to mills and shops for public use. This non availability is known as artificial crisis, because actually there is no shortage of wheat or sugar. Its huge stocks are kept hidden from government as either to smuggle out or supply in local market through black marketing at higher prices. However, artificial crisis can be sorted out from religious education, effective law and administration and better planning

### 2. What are causes of crisis?

Ans: There are two kinds of crisis; Natural crisis and artificial crisis. Natural crisis is the result of anger of GOD due disobedience and misconduct of man such as corona, famine, or flood, etc. Artificial crisis are created by alleged men and traders in order to aggrandize profit or , achieve some other notorious and vicious personal designs against government or state or people. However the artificial crisis can be handled judiciously through good administration, diplomatic skill and pre empties measures and strategy.

### 3. What is your opinion to resolve any crisis?

Ans: A few suggestions are as under:-

- (i) Government must lay down some principles of business ethics for all businessman whether small or tycoon. They should sign the business ethics charter before entering into business.
- (ii) Their performance according to the business ethics are to be checked time to time with accountability consequences.
- (iii) All businessmen also should attend every year some religious session as to keep always fresh in memory and practice business ethics.
- (iv) Government must make sure to buy and store the products according to the need of the country.
- (v) Control black marketing and smuggling.
- (vi) Regularize all business and trading ventures.
- (vii) Establish public markets and sell shops at concessional prices so that the goods are sold at reasonable price by the shopkeepers





(viii) The religious and educational training must be given to all business community.

**One word Answer**

**1. One of the causes of crisis**

Ans: Artificial Shortage

**2. People should display \_\_\_\_\_ in crisis.**

Ans. patience

**3. The cause of increase in prices of Goods.**

Ans: Creates Shortage in market

**4. The crisis can be solved through**

Ans: Religion / Religious Teaching/ Practice

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## **CHAPTER 4**

### **CRIMES AND SINS**

The brief discussion under this title would enable students to distinguish between crimes and sins

#### **Crime**

It can be simply defined when Govt. /State laid down rules, law and procedure are violated, it becomes crime and it is punished under the law and the constitution.

#### **Sin**

When divine rules as explained in holy Quran sunnah are discarded and ignored it becomes sin.

Most of the crimes are also punishable sins, Such as dacoity, theft, adulteration, fraud, cheating etc. but many of sins are not crimes such as not performing prayers, . not keeping fast, backbiting, greed, anger, thanklessness etc.

Man is liable to commits error. It is in his nature. At the same time to control and regulate his nature under the holy guidance is also very much in his capacity. However in all religions Allah has clearly identified what are punishable sins.

In Islam, lies, greed, lust for wealth, haughtiness, lasciviousness, Drinking, Obscenity, rape, murder, adulteration, dishonesty etc are sins.

#### **Kabeer (Major/big Sins)**

Those sins which are unpardonable, God would not forgive them such as shirk (to share authority of Allah with some other things, murder of innocent person etc.

In all other religions, including Christianity, Hinduism, Judaism Buddhism, Sikhism etc. all above mentioned are sins in their religions. With exceptions of a few human vices weaknesses which are sins but not crimes but what are crimes all of them are almost sins. The sins and crimes both defy the divine injunctions of Allah, State and government. Both sins and crimes are against ethics, morality and humanity and causes suffering to the people

Mankind is the most favored creation of God who loves and has bestowed upon man numerous favor and blessing and made humans superior to all creatures on earth. All other creatures serve the desire of mankind. Therefore, man should always be most thankful and submissive to Allah for his kindness and mercy and always pray and supplicate his forgiveness and always be obedient to his command. He must save and protect himself from all sins and crimes.





Crimes; Being the citizen of the state which provide us the State identity, all opportunities of growth and development of personality therefore, It is the duty of every citizen to honor the solidarity of the State and sovereignty by adhering to its constitution, and by patriotism. We must not violate its law and order and invest our all resources in the development of the state. When we violate and disregard the legitimate action to the unconstitutional act that act become a crime which is punishable crime.

Man is liable to error not because Hazrat Adam had tasted a forbidden food in the heaven but the conflict between right and wrong, between good and evil etc. had been already placed in nature of man by Allah as to draw a line between obedient and disobedient people

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## **SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER**

### **1. What are major Sins?**

Ans: Major /Big or unpardonable sins are those sins which Allah would give server punishment to the sinner. These sins are unpardonable such as shirk, Murders of innocent persons etc.

### **2. What is the actual meaning of Sin?**

Ans: Its real meaning any profane act, disobedience or speculation which are forbidden by Allah and his holy prophets are sins. Sins are disobedience of Allah and his prophet and are to be punished by him. However, if one truly repents and promise not to repeated again. Allah can also forgive.

### **3. Why man is said to be liable for error?**

Ans: It is in the nature of man to do mistakes Although he has given wisdom to differentiate between right and wrong but there is one confounded devil who has determined to distract man from the right path. He even misled prophets, to do mistake as happened to hazrat Adam. But Allah is gracious and kind, he forgives when mistakes are corrected and repented.

### **4. How crime is changed into sin?**

Ans: Crimes are always sin. But all sins are not crimes. Crimes such as smuggling alleged stocking embezzlement, not returning loan etc are also sins.

### **5. What is your idea to control crimes and sin in the society?**

Ans: The only way to control crime and sins is education, religious education, honest administration, sound economy and Justice.





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## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

### **1. What are views of religions about sins?**

Ans: sin, moral evil as considered from a religious standpoint. Sin is regarded in Judaism and Christianity as the deliberate and purposeful violation of the will of God. See also deadly sin.

The concept of sin has been present in many cultures throughout history, where it was usually equated with an individual's failure to live up to external standards of conduct or with his violation of taboos, laws, or moral codes. Some ancient societies also had concepts of corporate, or collective, sin (see original sin) affecting all human beings and dating from a mythical "fall of man" out of a state of primitive and blissful innocence. In ancient Greek thought, sin was looked upon as, in essence, a failure on the part of a person to achieve his true self-expression and to preserve his due relation to the rest of the universe; it was attributed mainly to ignorance.

### **2. Spell out differences between Crimes and sin.**

Ans: Sins are the disregard of divine duties and disobedience of Allah. Allah would punish man against his sins and can also forgive him in this world and hereafter if he/she repents. There are also unpardonable sins such as shirk', and haqook al ibad if is not forgiven by the person whose right has been violated.

The crimes are the violation of laws of the state. The crimes are punished by the state in this world only. All crimes are sins but all sins are not crimes. If someone does not perform his prayer in time is a sin but not crime.

### **3. What are alleged actions which are considered sins in all religion?**

Ans: Lies, greed, lust for wealth, haughtiness, lasciviousness, Drinking, Obscenity, rape, murder, adulteration, dishonesty etc. are sins. In all other religions, including Christianity, Hinduism, Judaism Buddhism, Sikhism etc. all above mentioned are sins in their religions.

### **4. What is the view about sins in different religions?**

Ans: The basic concept of sin in all religions is the violation of divine rules, disobedience and misconduct of man with other man and creations, are the sins in the simple words. All creations of Allah have some rights and duties over the others by heaven. Man as being the wisest has the command but has no right to encroach his right over them. The action of man becomes sin when he crosses his limits. Therefore most of the misconduct, bad attitude/ manners of man are sins in all religions which includes lies. Greed temptation, anger, and Murder, dishonesty, Jealousy, etc are sins in all religion.

### **5. What are those common sins in all religion?**





Ans: There are many sins common in all religion. Some of them are as under. Greed for many/Wealth, Arrogance, bribe, lie, anger, Adulteration, Gamboling, back biting theft, murder enviousness Jealousy etc.

**One word Answer**

**1. To break law is**

Ans: Crime

**2. Major sin is that**

Ans: Religion has fixed punishment

**3. Corruption is**

Ans: Crime

**4. Hazrat Adam is sent**

Ans: On earth

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## **CHAPTER 5**

### **JAINISM**

Jainism:

Jainism is the one of the oldest religion of the subcontinent. The meaning of Jain is the conqueror of own Self. That means that all his carnal desires as human being are strictly controlled / subjected to his command.

The followers of this cult are called Janis. Their religious leaders are called Tirthankara, the founder of Jainism is Rishabh Adera. When the tradition holds that he has lived million years ago. Mahavira Dir. around 600 BCE is the last Tirthankara of the current times.

They believe that every Cycle of cosmology is controlled and guided by tirthankara. None of the tirthankara has ever claimed himself as the God but considered oneself as ordinary human being whose Job is to save the soul of People from bad and evils deeds (Karma)

Their fundamental belief that all living creatures on earth in Water and air are to protected and respected. They should not be harmed at any cost.

As to care for all living being all Janis cover their mouth with cloth as that not even. The current of air accidentally push insects into their mouth and it gets injured. They walked without shoes so no worm is crushed under their feet. They prepare their foods in day light so that insects, worm flies or moth etc. do not get burn from flames of candle or Stove. They do not eat those vegetables which are rooted out from the soil field like potato, onion, garlic etc. because it causes injury and death to various earthy worms and insects. Therefore, the Janis are strict vegetarian.

During early days of Jainism there was no tradition to establish Temples but later on temples were built and statutes of tirthankara were displayed in temples.

There were Janis followers in Nagerparkar of Tharparkar long time ago but now there remained relics of their temples.

Mahavira is the 24th last known tirthankara who introduced many progressive changes- in their cult, Mahavira was of 6 feet in height he was the shortest of all tirthankara. The 22nd Namavth tirthankara was 98 feet tall and lived for 1000 years the names of all tirthankara are as under.

Rishabehn Nath, Ajant Nath, Sansabehn Nath, Abhi Nandan Nath, simanti Nath Padam Parbha, Sapper Savana Nath, Chandarperbha, Pasppant, Setela Nath. Saryadem Nath,, Uasupojai, Jimla Nath, Ananta Nath Dharma Nath, Santi, Kuntheo Nath, Arana Nath, Mali Nath, Mani Sorta, Nami Nath Parsavana Nath; Mohavirya vardhaman in sixth century B.C.





There was famine crisis in Bihar. Jain lead by their spiritual leader Abhadar Bhau along with Raja Chandra Gupat of Magadha left for different cities of India and returned Bihar after 12 years and found that Janis wear white Dhوتي (Sheet) instead of being naked and also made some changes in their holy books these changes are not appreciated by Bhadra Bhau ,which divided Jainism into two faction. One Dagamuber of Natural dress (nude) and the second is the shoveta Maber of wearing white dhوتي

The role of Muslims in India also affected Jainism, in early days their spiritual leaders never sit at one place and always travelled but now they stayed in Temples.

In 13th century Janis reviewed their social pattern promoted trade and spread out in India and worshiped of tirthankara in temples.

In 17th, century Dagamuber strongly emphasized Janis to adhere and observe the original and basic cults of Jainism.

Janis followers are found in all over the world India, Europe Canada, America, and Enjoy good reputation of being soft kinds and honest nature people..

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## SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER

### 1. When and how Jainism began?

Ans: Jainism is the one of the oldest religion of the subcontinent. The meaning of Jain is the conqueror of own Self. That means that all his carnal desires as. human being are strictly controlled / subjected to his command.

The followers of. this cult' are called Janis. Their religious leaders are called Tirthankara, the founder of Jainism is Rishabh Adera. When the tradition holds that he has lived million years ago. Mahavira Dir. around 600 BCE is the last Tirthankara of the current times.

### 2. What is the literal meaning, Jain?

Ans: The meaning of Jain is the conqueror of own Self. That means that all his carnal desires as. human being are strictly controlled / subjected to his command.

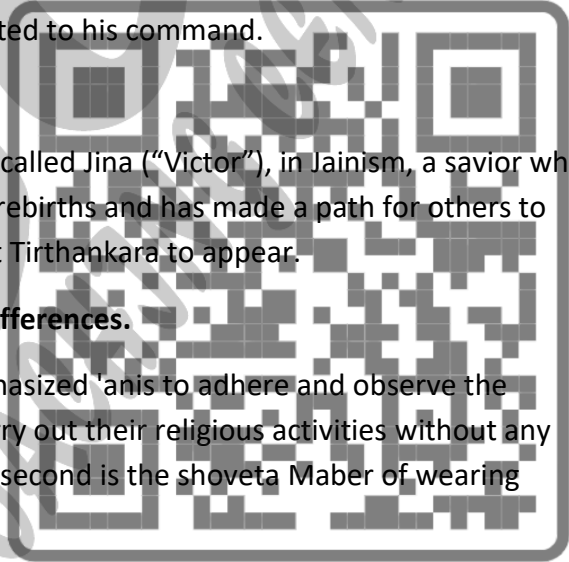
### 3. What Tirthankara stands for?

Ans: Tirthankara, (Sanskrit: "Ford-maker") also called Jina ("Victor"), in Jainism, a savior who has succeeded in crossing over life's stream of rebirths and has made a path for others to follow. Mahavira (6th century BCE) was the last Tirthankara to appear.

### 4. Explain about groups of Jainism and their differences.

Ans: In 17th, century dagamuber strongly emphasized 'anis to adhere and observe the original and basic cults of Jainism. That is to carry out their religious activities without any wearing (nude) Natural dress (necked) and the second is the shoveta Maber of wearing white dhoti.

Janis followers are found in all over the world India, Europe Canada, America, and Enjoy good reputation of being soft kinds and honest nature people.





## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

### **Q1. How Jainism became popular?**

Ans: It is their simplicity and belief that life is invaluable for all living things which should not be harmed by man for any reason and should be well protected.

None of the tirthankara has ever claimed himself as the God but considered oneself as ordinary human being whose job is to save the soul of people from bad and evil deeds (Karma)

4 Their fundamental belief that all living creatures on earth in water and air are to be protected and respected. They should not be harmed at any cost

As to care for all living beings all Jains cover their mouth with cloth so that not even the current of air accidentally pushes insects into their mouth and it gets injured.

They walked without shoes so no worm is crushed under their feet. They prepare their foods in daylight so that insects, worms, flies or moths etc. do not get burnt from flames of candle or stove.

They do not eat those vegetables which are rooted out from the soil field like potato, onion, garlic etc. because it causes injury and death to various earthy worms and insects.

### **Q2. Write names of Tirthankara?**

Ans:

Rishabdev Nath, Ajant Nath	Arana Nath
Sansardev Nath	Mali Nath
Abhi Nandan Nath	Mani Sorta
Simanti Nath Padam Parbha	Nami Nath Parsavana Nath
Sappor Savana Nath	Mohavirya vardhaman
Chandarperbha	
Pasppant, Setela Nath	
Saryadem Nath	
Uasupojai	
Jimla Nath	
Ananta Nath Dharma Nath	
Santi, Kuntheo Nath	





**Q3. Explain Dagamuber shoveta Maber**

Ans: There was famine crisis in Bihar. Jain lead by their spiritual leader Abhadar Bhau along with Raja Chandra Gupat of Magadha left for different cities of India and returned Bihar after 12 years and found that Janis wear white Dhoti (Sheet) instead of being naked and also made some changes in their holy books these changes are not appreciated by Bhadra Bhau, which divided Jainism into two faction. One Dagamuber of Natural dress (nude) and the second is the shoveta Maber of wearing white dhoti

In 17th, century Dagamuber strongly emphasized Janis to adhere and observe the original and basic cults of Jainism

**One word Answer**

**1. Jain means**

Ans: Winner/Conqueror

**2. Priests of Jain religion are called**

Ans: Tirthankara

**3. Tirthankara is**

Ans: 24

**4. The basic of Jainism**

Ans: Ahinsa (Not to harm any living thing)







## **CHAPTER 6**

### **MAHAVIR**

Mahavira

This chapter would enable students to understand the cult of Jainism and the contribution of philosophy of Mahavir 24th Tirthankara the last spiritual leader of Jainism.

Mahavira the 24th Tirthankara before his birth in sixth century (599 BCE in Kundagrama Vaishali Vajji (Present district Bihar India, underwent 27 rebirth according to universal history of Jain Text. His rebirth included the denizen of hell, a lion, and a god (Deva) in heavenly realm just before his last rebirth as 24th Tirthankara. Mahavira is also known as Vira, Ativira, vardhaman sanmate, Nayanputta, Kashyapa, Kavala.

He was born in royal family. He grew up as prince. His father name was Siddhartha Raja and his mother name was Trishala. In early age he was married to Yashoda and had a daughter Piryadavshana.

At the age 30 he left his palace and royal life in pursuit of spiritual ecstasy and awakening and becoming an ascetic.

He practiced intense meditation, severe austerities. He undertook severe fast and body mortification. Discarded his clothes and sat down under the Ashoka tree for 12 and a half year. Until he attained Kavala (omniscience's or infinite / (knowledge). Janis believes that after the rigorous penance for such long period he had acquired most auspicious body which was free from 18 imperfections.

He returned to the people and travelled throughout India 5. and preached his doctrine for 30 years. His mission was to relieve men from agony of life and death so that after death the rebirth, the soul does not suffer from bad karma (actions) of worldly life. And the soul could enjoy peace and happiness forever.

According to Jainism cult there is no creator or Supreme Being and existence has neither beginning nor end, his sermons attracted thousands of people who adopted his cult and philosophy and became Janis who are mostly found in India, Japan Canada and Pakistan and in other countries.

The most of the philosophy of Jainism lost. According to Diganmbava text on palm leaves there are five. Vows (Vratas) of ethics of Jainism which Jain Agamas enumerates. Their brief version- is as under.

Ahimsa (non violence or non injury). All living beings whether man, animals, earth, worms and insects are to be protected, respected, not to be harmed at any cost this vow applies to action, speech and thought. They are vegetarian.



1. Satya (truthfulness) to one self and others
2. Asteya (non-stealing) not taking anything that has not been given or in possession
3. Brahmacharya (Chastity) not indulging in sex and sensual pleasure for monks and 'faith fullness to one's partners and house holders.
4. Aparigraha not greed and accumulate wealth of one has the wealth to be spend all in charity and not own anything

Besides Jains are to control anger disgust pride, ego, greed, temptation, etc. Live simple, free and harmless life for the salvation of his soul from any curse after death and reborn freely and happily forever.

## **SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER**

### **1. When and where Mahavira was born?**

Ans: Mahavir was born in a village of Bihar dynasty India in 599 B.C. Now his birth place is a part of Nepal state.

### **2. How many years Mahavira spent in forest?**

Ans: He spent 12 and half years in the forest

### **3. When and where Mahavira received spiritual enlightenment?**

Ans: He received spiritual light under Ashok tree

### **4. What Mahavira is the main preaching?**

Ans: He preached people that suffering in this world and hereafter is the result of ignorance of people from truth and their deeds (bad). Bad deeds are the result of greed, desires and the love of world. Control, all desires, and do not keep anything in possession. Spend all for the welfare of people.

### **5. How Mahavira Preaching affected ordinary people.**

Ans: The, Jainism spread in the subcontinent and elsewhere and the life of followers of Jainism became very simple and contented. By nature, they become honest, pious and humanist.

### **One word Answer**

1. Mahavir fathers name **Virdhaman**
2. Cause of man's grief **(Karma) deeds**
- 3 Mahavir lived for **72 years 4.5 month**
4. To control sex and maintain decency is known as **Brahmacharya**
5. Mostly Janis practice **Ahimsa**





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## **CHAPTER 7**

### **THE GREATNESS OF ALMIGHTY ALLAH**

Almighty Allah is the only lord of Universe" Who is the creator of heavens and earths and everything in between and beyond heaven and earth the creation and expansion of Universe is continuing by him from the infinite and would continue forever.

The heaven earth, sun moon, galaxy, constellations, all plants, all creatures including man etc., He has not only created but is also sustained them and provide them all needs of life where ever they are, whether visible or invisible, micro or giant in between earth and heaven or beyond, despite Allah resources and his treasures does not exhaust a bit. His resources and treasures is also ever growing. Therefore, we human being must always praised, eulogized his magnificence and worship alone and always pray for all our needs because Allah is the only one who can help and provide what we need and there is no one who even can extinguish the thirst of an ant. Except Allah who is omnipotent omnipresent. omniscient from infinite and forever.

One mystic poet of Sindh shah Abdul Latif in one of his poem says is that you (Allah) are first and last you are ever being All my desires is from you. You are sustainer you have all knowledge you are kind and merciful.

All religions of the world preach man to praise Allah greatness and serve and love the mankind (Humanity) because Allah lives in the heart of everyman. All men are equal to him and He loves them all. And feed them all. No man and no other living creature can't get a particle of foods from his skill, knowledge or strength. It is Allah only who feed as he wishes.

It anyone who thinks that he is or someone else feeds or sustain people, he is out of wit and confounded forever. He must supplicate to Allah for his forgiveness otherwise his life in this world and hereafter will be condemned to hell forever. Man should try to recognize himself who is he? How is he? Why is he? Etc. who succeeds in recognizing himself would also recognize Absolute God.

To acquire the knowledge of Allah unity and greatness, all religions generally guide their followers that the best way to earn divine blessing is to serve the humanity.



- a) In Islamic religion, the best man amongst man who benefits other man.
- b) Christianity, Serving the mankind means to serve Allah.
- c) Hinduism, to serve the mankind is the actual religion.
- d) Buddhism, The difference between man and animal is the serving mankind: Who live for oneself is animal and who live for other is human being.



- e) Fire worshiper Their cult is based on the concept that serving the mankind means to be obedient; to Allah and worship GOD.

Allah has endowed numerous favors to man than other 1. creatures in the universe therefore; he must praise him, worship Him and begin all his work with the name of Allah for his blessing and success. In Islamic republic Pakistan from. schools to assemblies the work begins with the name of Allah. Life is short span adventures, therefore life should not be wasted we should respect life and serve the cause of humanity to crave Allah's favors and benison.

### **SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER**

#### **1. Name of Some greatest qualities of Allah**

Ans: There are countless attributes of God. Such as the creator (Khalik), the Sustainer, Master, and absolute Allah, to whom everything including human being worships alone.

#### **2. How we should commence our daily schedule?**

Ans: All good deeds should begin with name and praise of Allah

#### **3. How He Sustains the all universe?**

Ans: As Allah is the creator of everything in between earth and heaven and beyond. Therefore, He knows the need of everything. He is the sustainer. His resources are ever growing. He has promised to sustain every living thing until its life tenure is over.

#### **4. What guidance is given in all religion for the welfare of people?**

Ans: All religions generally guide their followers that the best way to earn divine blessing is to serve the humanity.

- a. In Islamic religion, the best man amongst man who benefits other man.
- b. Christianity, Serving the mankind means to serve Allah.
- c. Hinduism, to serve the mankind is the actual religion.
- d. Buddhism, The difference between man and animal is the serving mankind: Who live for oneself is animal and who live for other is human being.
- e. Fire worshiper Their cult is based on the concept that serving the mankind means to be obedient; to Allah and worship GOD.

#### **5. How we should pay thanks to Allah?**

Ans: We must be grateful to Allah for his countless favor to man. We must pay our gratitude and thanks by absolute submission /obedience. This is to be displayed through regular prayers and worships and by social service to mankind for the sake of Allah only





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### Long Questions Answer

#### **1. What are instructions about greatness of Allah in all religion?**

Ans: Allah religions make realize men to be grateful' to Allah for his numerous/countless favors upon him therefore he must be obedient to him by rendering social service in all aspects of life to the mankind. It is also advised that not only begin the day with the name of Allah but all works by men should begin be with the name and praise of Allah and the objectives of all human activities should be focused to earn the blessing of Allah only.

#### **2. What benefits/ blessing are conferred to man by recalling Allah from His various tributes?**

Ans: There are countless advantages by remembering, praying and praising His names as prayer.

1. It makes him loyal, Obedient to Allah.
2. It fills his heart with love.
3. It makes him pious.
4. It inspires him confidence and never gets disappointed
5. It makes him philanthropist.
6. 6 It helps him to understand the cause of humanity and serve the cause of humanity by all means and resources for the sake of Allah



#### **One word Answer**

1. The Translator of Shah Abdul Latif Poetry is **Sheikh Ayaz**.





## CHAPTER 8

### WORSHIPS PLACES OF DIFFERENT RELIGIONS

#### Religious Worship Places

Religious Worship to Supreme Being is inherited in the nature of man since the beginning of Life. Man has been always in search to find some superior being or mysterious thing of nature to kneel bow down and his head in reverence, in humblest submission for spiritual or for internal satisfaction. This is the natural desire in all human being is part of his making. Therefore, from the very beginning of life he looked for superior being Although Allah who is lord of all universe and creator promised man to guide him in all his pursuits if he remembers him if he does not' forget him and get lost in the false attraction of the world, greed and temptation but unfortunately man struck up by its wonder and lost. This let him to construct worship places according to their modes of worship and beliefs. From the prehistory period the worship places are subjected to slight changes in it but the purpose and objectives of worship and spiritual satisfaction is unchanged.

#### Worships Places

Religion Islam	Mosques
Judaism	synagogue
Christianity	Church
Hinduism	Temple
Buddhism	Stupa (Temple)
Sikhism	Gurdwara
Jainism	Temple



#### Church:

Christianity is divided into various sections and groups according to their schools, of thought. The structure of their, churches and religious proceedings insides churches also slightly different from other. The major Christian's groups or churches are currently known as orthodox churches, the Roman Catholic., Churches protestant. churches, the Lutheran churches. The Calvinist churches, Angelic or churches of England, and free churches. The main difference among all these churches, the orthodox and Roman Catholic churches use various symbols and aids to worship. Pray to Virgin Mary and the saints and accept the authority of bishops and priests.





Christian Worship Allah in their churches. According to the manners of worship their churches are built and decorated with paintings, statues, of Virgin Mary, Jesus and their saints etc. Churches are also generally square or rectangular in Shapes where cross is located either in the middle or in the corner There is also seating arrangements for the worshiper to listen sermons and sing holy song. Sunday is their worship day.

## **Mosques**

Mosque is a Place of Muslim Worships. It is a Place of prostration on knees and bow down forehead until nose and forehead touches the floor or the dust of the earth to demonstrate their humblest submission and unconditional Obedience to the lord of all universes. Muslims offered their five times prayer at their proper time in congregation lead by Imams of Masjid.

Mosques are generally square or rectangular in shape. Its structure is free from all images, figures and statues etc. Its ceiling is centrally domed the most important part of its construction that its mihrab which indicates exact direction of Qibla is always towards Mecca. Mihrab is rich at the base wall of Qibla in the exact direction of Merca there is pulpit or member which is often made of wood is against wall of Qibla on the right side of Mihrabs. Pulpit is located in centre of Masjid. Pulpit is used for sermon by imam and religious scholars. Minrates are located on both sides of Mosques

Floor is carpeted with mats. Mosques may have rooms for library. or learning Quran a hadith and other religious subjects. There are also arrangements of ablution and washing according to mosques resources. Masjid is however a place of perfect peace of heart and soul for Muslims.

## **Temples**

Hinduism is also third great religion in the World and is based on Polytheize. Their worship places are called temples. Hindus have puja room in their houses where they do puja to their deities at ease. They worship in their temples which are in different in shapes and sizes these are rectangular, octagonal, Semi, circle.

Hindu performs their daily prayer at home in puja room where they have picture, statue and his scripture. In Temple they often go for Bhajan, Kirtans hymns singing holy songs etc. At sunset they do Puja (Which is devotionals worship) called Arti with five basic elements which includes (fire, earth, water, Air, Either) in a Small tray. contain all these elements. Then temple have steeple dome. The highest point of steeple dome is called shikhara (Summit). The verandah of Temple is broad. It may be square in shape or has dome.

## **Jewish place of Worship**

There are many names of Jewish places of worship such as synagogue, Shul, belt congregation and Temple etc. The most significant things in Jewish Temple are the Ark, a Cabinet or curtains that holds the torah scroll. The ark doors or curtains can remain open or



closed. The Ark is the most sacred place in the temple. Ark originally. was movable chest now it is a, fixed cupboard Often It is covered with elegant curtain, Above the Ark-aron halcodesh (aron mean cupboard) hand and near tamed the eternal light which to most of jews what make it synagogue

### Buddhism

In the earliest of Buddhism there were simply mounds of earth. Later they came to build with bricks and other materials their worship Places are called stupa, But in different countries has different forms and names in Japan stupa are called pagodas. In Tibet Chortens, in Sri Lanka dagobas. Indian stupa is ball shaped, Japanese Pagodas became taller and slenderer. t has a small shrine attached to it. In stupa relies of Buddha are placed in a gold box and images of Buddha. There are also rooms for worshippers to do meditation urge and Puja etc. They also read out holy books sing bhajan etc.

### Gurdwara

A Gurudwara is a place of worship for Sikhs. People from all faiths and even atheists are welcomed in Gurdwara. This is the reasons, gurdwara has four entrances.

Gurudwara Singh Sabha Alken was founded in 2015 Gurudwara house Darbar Sahib is also known as the dewan hall (prayer room) which refers to the main hall within in a Sikh Gurudwara. This hall is where the holy Scripture – the Guru Granth Sahib is placed on a throne in a prominent central position.

It also houses our Langar hall. Langar, also known as the community kitchen, is an integral part of the Gurudwara Sahib. The Langar brings the community together, eliminates caste system and serves people in need. A Gurudwara can be identified from a distance by tall flagpoles bearing the Nishan Sahib, the Sikh flag

Sikhism has no room for symbolism or ritualism; Sikhs have neither idols nor altars in their Gurudwara. They have no sacraments and no priestly order. The essential feature of a gurudwara is the presiding presence in it of the holy Sikh Scripture, called the Guru Granth Sahib also referred to as Sat guru. This essentially is the focal point of a Gurdwara. The other main component is the holy congregation called the Sadh Sangat who are present within this sacred structure in humble obedience 1o principles laid down by the Sikh Gurus.





## **SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS**

### **1. What is meaning of Worship Place?**

Ans: Worship places are sacred places in all religions. Followers of that religion according to their worship, timing gather, and carry out their worship according to their religion. Worship means absolute submissions to the God. There are many religions in the world. Some of the religions are monotheist and some are polytheist. The followers of all religions do worship to God and gods and goddesses in their worship places. For example Muslims believe in one Allah and they worship in mosque. Christian believes in one God along with Jesus and Virgin Mary, therefore the structure of their worship is completely different. from mosque and is called church. Similarly Hinduism worship places are called temples where they place statutes of many gods and do puja pat or Holy book Gru Granth in Gurdwara in Sikhism.

### **2. What are names of Church and its layout?**

Ans: There are many names of church and. types of construction according to their school of thought in Christianity and Judaism. Jewish churches are known as synagogue, shul, belt, congregation and temple. Churches are generally square or rectangular in shape the cross is fixed in the middle or at the corner. There is also 'seating arrangements. The church is decorated with paintings, pictures and statutes of saints Jesus and saints. While in Jewish temple or church the most significant thing are the Ark , a cabinet, or curtain that holds the torah scroll, the ark is the most sacred place in the temple.

### **3. What is the type of construction of mosque?**

Ans: Mosques are generally square or rectangular in shape. Its structure is free from all images, figures and statutes etc. Its ceiling is centrally domed the most important part of its construction that its mihrab which indicates exact direction of Qibla is always towards. Mecca. Floor is carpeted with mats.

There are also arrangements of ablution and washing according to mosques resources. Masjid is however a place of perfect peace of heart and soul for Muslims.

### **4. What is temple of which religion?**

Ans: . Hinduism is also third great religion in the World and is based on Polytheize. Their worship places are called temples. Hindus have puja room in their houses where they do puja to their deities at ease. They worship in their temples which are in different in shapes and sizes these are rectangular, octagonal, Semi, circle. Hindu performs their daily prayer at home in puja room where they have picture, statute and his scripture. In Temple they often go for Bhajan, Kirtans hymns singing holy songs etc. At sunset they do Puja

### **5. What rituals take place in Gurdwara?**





Ans: Other ceremonies performed there include the Sikh marriage ceremony, Anand Karaj; some of the rites of the death ceremony, Antam Sanskar, and most of the important Sikh Festivals. The Nagar Kirtan, a Sikh processional singing of holy hymns throughout a community, begin and conclude at a gurdwara.

### LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

#### 1. Describe Details of important worship places.

Ans: Study whole chapter

#### 2. Describe names and methods of worships of important religions.

Ans: Study whole chapter

#### One word Answer

#### 1. Special Day of Worships of Christians is

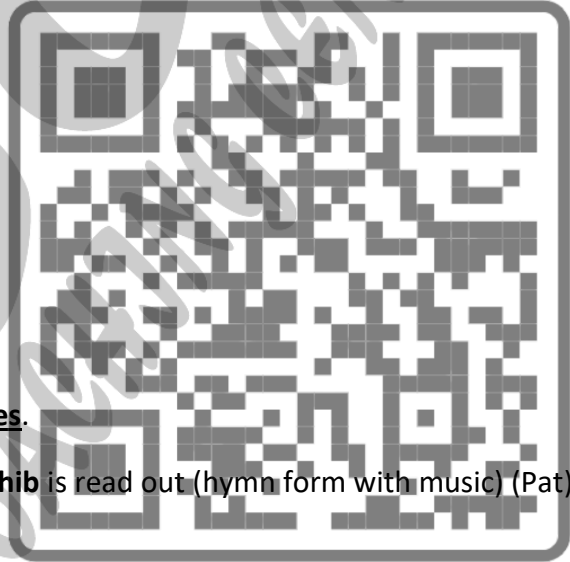
Sunday

#### 2 Jews Worship

Three Times in a day

#### 3. Hindus, Buddhist, Janis do worship in Temples.

#### 4. In Gurdwara the sacred book **Guru Ganth Sahib** is read out (hymn form with music) (Pat).







## **CHAPTER 9**

### **PIETY**

Piety is the love of Allah in heart and awesome fear of his greatness is piety, it means that when some good thing is done the heart exuberant with the love of Allah and when some bad thing is done or its thought comes to mind, heart shrinks with fear is called piety. The reason is that a pious man can not dare to bear out any displeasure of Allah. His life, action and thought all are focused to earn the pleasure of God and his blessing.

This Piety does not come in the heart through some medicine but comes when one believer earnestly Strive, sacrifice, control his nature, ambitions, desires from lust, greed temptation and devotes his life to worship, and seek Allah pleasure and spiritual satisfaction in spending his wealth, resources, his life for the benefit and welfare of people and in the way of Allah according to divine instruction.

All religions of the world direct their followers to acquire piety through self-control and by becoming kind and benevolent to mankind and other living being. Alexander the great advised his men that when his soul departs his body, his both hand must be exposed to show the people and to tell the world that. Alexander the great who had conquered the world who had immense power and wealth was born empty hand and going empty hand therefore man should do good and serve mankind to please lord.

Therefore It must be understood by man that World is a guest house and we all man are guests for a brief span of time. This brief time should be spent in the service of mankind to seek the pleasure of God. Mercy Compassion

To understand the minute difference between mercy and compassion if a man has no mercy, does not feel the pain of others, then he is hardly a human being and he will not have any compassion for other as well and he will not do anything to help out a needy person. Mercy inspires kind feeling for others especially for wretched persons.

The mission of all religions is to train and urge men to be kind, sympathetic, forgiving not only to his kind but to all creatures of the universe. The main reason of besides holy purposes is to live with harmony with the nature which includes not only living creature but also all nonliving things in the universe. Life on the earth can only be sustained when we pay due regard and take due care of every thing around us whether it is rock, river, animals. Bushes, forests, deserts etc. if we only care for human beings only or living creatures only then countless things of vital needs of life are provided by so called nonliving things will be wasted or lost. Suppose if we do not care about cleanness of air it will be polluted and living creature will die. If we destroy rocks, mountains in the name of development it would unbalance the earth countless examples can be given to make realize man if you are kind





and compassionate to other indeed it is a good act but in reality instead you to favor upon you. Remember always' doing well to other means doing better to you than other.

Mercy and clemency

The meaning of mercy has been already highlighted in above paragraph the word clemency is used in law court such as clemency appeal. It means a review petition by a convicted accused to get reduced his punishment. In most of the cases the clemency appeal worked out but Some time it fails. It must be kept in mind by all concern people that those nations disappear from the globe where crimes/criminals are not punished properly. We should make our model those people who are above board and pious.

### **SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER**

#### **1. What is Piety?**

Ans: Piety is the love and fear of God in the heart of a person which is demonstrated in all aspects and in every minute of life. Practical meaning of Piety is eating, sleeping, less, doing more and more worship and observing the simplicity in life despite wealth and resources for the cause of Allah. It means piety or pious person who loves Allah most than anything in heaven and earth and he fears most from Allah than any man on earth.

#### **2. What advise was given by Alexander the great?**

Ans: He advised people that he had everything of the world but he returned to lord empty hands. So people should do the service to the mankind in their life time so they would return to lord with his blessing and mercy.

#### **3. What is meant by Mercy appeal?**

Ans: The mercy appeal is a supplication to court of law by a convicted Criminal for clemency either to reduce punishment or be kind in execution of punishment. He either wants to get rid of punishment or suffer less from punishment.

#### **4. What are opinions about kindness in religions?**

Ans: The kindness is the most outstanding quality of man. It is religious as well as social, but it should be exercised within its limit of too much kindness is shown to someone that may affect adversely. It may develop inaction, laziness, and dependency on other. Therefore one must be kind to someone to an extent so that he does not become lazy, lethargic.





## LONG QUESTIONS / ANSWER

### 1. Explain in detail about Piety.

Ans: Piety is the love of Allah in heart and awesome fear of his greatness is piety, it means that when some good thing is done the heart exuberant with the love of Allah and when some bad thing is done or its thought comes to mind, heart shrinks with fear is called piety.

This Piety does not come in the heart through some medicine but comes when one believer earnestly Strive, sacrifice, control his nature, ambitions, desires from lust, greed temptation and devotes his life to worship, and seek Allah pleasure and spiritual satisfaction in spending his wealth, resources, his life for the benefit and welfare of people

### 2. Describe Kindness.

Ans: The kindness is the most outstanding quality of man. It is religious as well as social; it is emotional sentiment of a person to help out a person who is under some difficulty or grief which is somewhat beyond his capability. but it should be exercised within its limit. If too much kindness is shown to someone that may affect him adversely. It may develop inaction, laziness, and dependency on kindness of others. Therefore it e must be exercised under limits.

### 3. What are advantages and disadvantages of kindness?

#### Advantage of Kindness:

1. First it an act of humanity and when it is pursued in the light of divine instruction then. It becomes a holy act of worship. Which pleases Allah?
- 2 It helps and resolves the problems of afflicted people and provides them relief and happiness. Kindness revives hope of life of a destitute person.
3. Kindness helps mankind to relief them from misery which is most desired in Islamic religion.

#### Disadvantage:

However, if too much kindness is Shown then at the receiving end people will become lazy and inactive. They would avoid hard working and would depend upon others kindness, helps and charity all their life. Therefore, it must be exercised judiciously so that they become able to take care themselves and not to depend other for help. someone that may allied adversely. It may develop inaction. laziness, and dependency on other. Therefore, one must be kind to someone to an extent so that he does not become lazy, lethargic.



## **CHAPTER 10**

### **ACCOUNTABILITY**

Everyone VEP runs for rights and runs away from his duties. Right and duty corresponds. to each other. None can exist without the other. Similarly, Life in the universe is existed on check and balance. If balance is out life becomes miserable. For continuation of happy and sanguine life balance or the equilibrium is to be maintained in all walks of life.

This equilibrium is to be maintained in life either through concept of rights and duties, check and balance, or accountability etc. are all the same thing with the same result. The Accountability. process is not at all difficult to learn and observe in our routine of life. The simple meaning of the accountability is the discharge of responsibility or duty with honesty, sincerity and with the best of skill and knowledge in equal to the rights and privilege being enjoyed by one. This service is paid for therefore the performance is to be judged by seniors or concern departments. However the process of accountability must not be confined with much politicized concept of accountability. It is needed and essential for every living person on earth to account for his thoughts and action against his use of numerous bounties of nature. He is using air, light, water, nature and its all things without much labor and cost. No one can pay the cost of life and universe to Allah but Allah appreciates submissiveness humbleness and obedience of man to Allah as his duty towards him. Therefore the accountability must be very much part of the nature of human being and the process and objective of accountability can be easily understood nothing but very natural.

Accountability is not at all something burden or unnatural. When a person is assigned a job with full description of his authority and procedure along with his rights and privileges then he is bound to perform with responsibility but if he does not then he be liable for the consequences of his malapropos actions.

The malfeasance and corruption of government servants causes great humiliation to government and suffering to the people. For example law and order officer whose Job is to control crime and apprehend criminals instead, works for them, help them the whole society will be destroyed.

There are many ways to keep check on the performance but the best way is that his own conscience guides him to the right path. The conscience can only work when a person is competent and also is a man of character and God fearing. To avoid the untoward and undesired result, it is necessary that charter of duties and rights should be equivalent and well balanced and then the performance should be checked with duties called accountability.

It is indeed a big concern that our moral level has gone down. We run for rights and runaways from duties. Duties and performance which we should examine ourselves as being







Muslim, human being but not only we ignore and discard and if another institution brings into our notice our defects and flaws we take it to as disgrace and defamation.

There are some sections of society they think that accountability is a tough Job. It needs a great courage and character I disagree. Just as we wear cloths to look graceful apparently. With the same feeling we must put our actions to own accountability for purifying soul from evils. As we know the life is uncertain it can be switched off anytime anywhere. Dead body will be buried in grave but the soul would either fly to heaven or hell what would happen to soul if at the last moment the soul was corrupted.

It is not bureaucrat's government officials, Politicians are to be accounted for but every one of us whether male/female, has to examine its daily performance at night on bed, thanks to Allah for doing some good, supplicate forgiveness and promise Allah not to do wrong again and compensate and rectify what wrong has been done. This little practice of self-accountability daily would change the personality and will soon clean body and soul from all corruption.

## **SHORT QUESTION/ ANSWERS**

### **Q1. Define accountability**

Ans: Accountability is the process to maintain the check and balance between the service of the official and the use of authority with the cost of service is paid to him as to find out whether service delivered is of substandard and the authority invested in him is misused for personal advantages. For this failure he has to account for his misconduct and inefficiency is called accountability. In short accountability process, is to ensure that responsibility is fully discharged with honesty and the authority is not misused for personal advantages.

### **Q2. Define self accountability.**

Ans: The Self accountability is conducted by person himself. He makes his appearance in the court of his conscience. He critically examines all his daily affairs and discern between good and bad actions. For bad actions, he repents atones/and compensate and becomes conscious and careful not to repeat again. This court of conscious usually takes place in isolation at late hours. This is called the self accountability when a person voluntarily submit himself as alleged person and pronounce and implement judgment of retributive punishment to mend his future conduct.

### **Q3. Give Four advantages of accountability.**

Ans: Five advantages of accountability are as under:

1. Improved the character of the person.
2. It improved the performance and efficiency of the institution and department.
3. It inspires other or subordinates to discharge their duties with honesty and hard working.





4. It makes the society better and peaceful.

5. It earns the blessing of Allah.

**Q4. Who has the right of accountability?**

Ans: The head of the institution/ department and the head of the family have the right to account for their subordinates or dependents.

**LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS**

**Q1. Why accountability is necessary?**

Ans: If there is no accountability in the civil society then all persons will be free to do what they like. There will be lawlessness and anarchy in the society's life. Property and respect of no one will be saved. Poor, weak, children and women will be hardly survived. It will soon destroy that society, because there is no accountability. There will be no religion and there will be no society. Therefore, accountability is vital for the existence and survival of progressive and religious human society.

**Q2. What is the role of religion in the context of accountability?**

Ans: Religion provides a check and balance system in all forms of activities. Those who escape from the accountability process through maneuvering or by the hoodwinking the law of the land and state, religion warns and confirms that on the judgment day no one will be exempted from the strict accountability process. For dishonest and corrupt people, Allah has kept ready Hells of blazing fire for them. Religion warns corrupt people to mend their ways and repent and pay off their liabilities before it is too late.

**One word Answer**

1 Accountability means

To be responsible/ **to give an account**/ Answer

2. Due to accountability People do their Jobs with **honesty**

3 Self-accountability Is carried out by oneself







## **CHAPTER 11**

### **ASTROLOGY EFFECTS ON LIFE**

Astrological effects on life

Our Solar System has 8 Planets: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, and Saturn Uranus and Neptune.

Everything between heaven and earth somehow affect human life. There are billions of galaxies in heaven. Our solar system is also located in one of the billions of. The stars and earth is one of the planet of 8 planets of our star. The other planets in our Star directly reflect their effects on everything on the planet including life of the man. The ways they affect human life are studied as the subject of Astrology.

Definition:

According. to the Webster dictionary the definition of Astrology

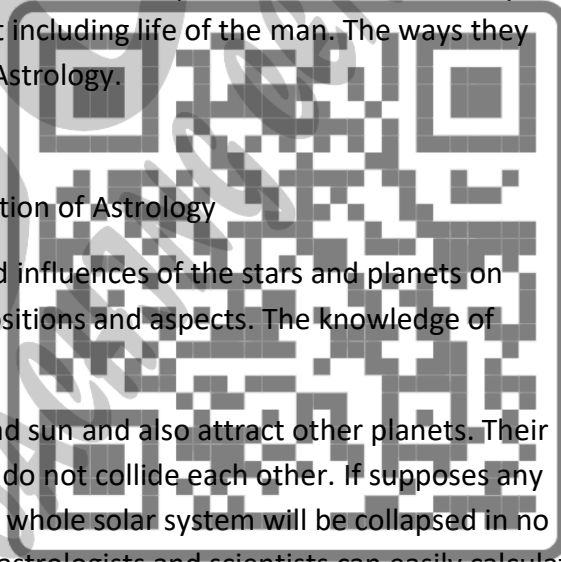
Astrology means the divination of the supposed influences of the stars and planets on human affairs and terrestrial events by their positions and aspects. The knowledge of astrology is secular not divine and scientific

All planets oscillate around their axis and around sun and also attract other planets. Their movement is so precise and accurate that they do not collide each other. If supposes any ultra-affects in their movement takes place the whole solar system will be collapsed in no time. t is the precision of their movement that astrologists and scientists can easily calculate and predict liming and duration of lunar and solar eclipses.

The astrological effects on human life and his efforts are natural phenomena of life. The most important, impact of the movements of planets is the creation of time on earth. The day and night and various monthly seasons, weathers. and other natural activities on earth are directly controlled and managed by these planets.

In all religions timing of worships in day and night 24 hours of day and night, religious festivals are also scheduled with the movement and position of the planets and their satellites In Islam our five-time prayers, Ramadan, Eid, Hajj in Christianity Sunday is their worship day, in Hinduism, Jainism etc. puja pat depends upon the movement of planets. Day and night and different seasons of weather, tides in sea are all resulted from the movement of the planets and satellites in our star

Except Islam and in other religion particularly in Hinduism, Judaism, Jainism, and Christianity etc. they set their schedules of all social life events such as marriage, construction of house, business and journey etc. after astrological horoscope studies. The astrology knowledge is





secular knowledge and not divine. It is not the movement of planets that affects life of man on earth but it is the fact and truth that even ultra action but even a thought in mind of the man affects the movement of all heavenly bodies in the sky. Therefore we as Muslims must believe despite astrological truth that our thought action and sincere prayers can change even the destiny of stars.

## **Short Questions /Answers.**

### **1. What is Astrology?**

Ans: Astrology is the study of planets movements in the solar system, their attraction and repulsion against each other planet effects on human life and all other things on earth.

### **2. What is difference between Islamic, Christianity and Hindi calendar?**

Ans: **0** is-also called Hijri calendar The Islamic calendar is LUNAR based, , it started after the Hijrah of the Prophet (PBUH) to Madina in. In Islamic calendar day begins after the sunset(at Maghrib) The beginning of each month is contingent on the visibility of the moon at the end of the previous month. Once the moon is sighted, the new month commences. Each month starts with a new lunar cycle. Hence, the Muslim Calendar gives only a tentative overview of the upcoming Islamic dates as the.

### **The Gregorian calendar (English/ Regular Colander)**

The Gregorian calendar or the solar calendar or the English calendar or the Christian calendar is used mostly in the world. It was introduced in October 1582 by Pope Gregory XII as a modification of, and replacement for, the Julian calendar. The principal change was to space leap years differently so as to make the average calendar year 365.2425 days it starts after the birth of Christ. it means 2022 years ago. Its months, week days and timing of clock is known to us.

### **Hindu Calendar**

Hindu Calendar is the traditional astrology calendar of India which has been in use since ancient times. The Hindu Calendar 'also called Panchang or Panchanga, is used to determine the time and dates of Hindu festivals, religious ceremonies, mahurat timing etc, making it an inseparable piece of Indian culture.

Both Ionic /solar as well as solar calendar is in use in India. Lunar calendar months strictly follow the lunar cycle of two Junar fortnights (Shukla paksha & Krishna paksha).

Laceratingly, lunisolar calendar is basically a lunar calendar which has some intercalation rules to synchronize it with the Solar year.

### **3. How we come to know early before, change of weather, solar and lunar eclipse?**

Ans: All planets oscillate around their axis and around sun and also attract other planets. Their movement is so precise and accurate that they do not collide each other. If supposes



any ultra-affects in their movement takes place the whole solar system will be collapsed in no time. It is the precision of their movement that astrologists and scientists can easily calculate and predict timing and duration of lunar and solar eclipses.

#### **4. Explain your idea, how we can become punctual?**

Ans: We can only become punctual when we realize invaluable preciousness of time because the life is absolutely uncertain. Nobody knows when and where his/her life is switched off. So whatever is the time available to us must be use it as best as we can and earn the blessing of Allah, pursuing beneficial knowledge and success and happiness in this world and hereafter. It must also realize that time gone is or is lost never returns. This realization is good enough to become punctual and take maximum care to save time from being wasted.

### **LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS**

#### **1. What is natural method to know the time and date?**

Ans: The natural method to determine time is clock or sun rise and fall. When sun rises a new day begins in solar calendar and in lunar calendar new day begins from sun set to next sun set in lunar calendar. Therefore, the dates can be found out from respective calendars. Day and night is divided into 24 hours 12 hours which include most part of the day is counted with A.M Anti meridian and remaining 12 hours which contains most part of night and earliest part of mornings counted with P.M.

#### **2. Describe the significance of time in reference to important religion.**

Ans: Day/night Times to keys most' significant role in all religion. In all religion especially Islam Christianity, Judaism, The worships, Timing are fixed for day and night prayers.

Timing of worship in other religion is also scheduled in the day and night context but day and night timing in reference to the planetary movement is the most significant role in Hinduism, Jainism Buddhism and other Similar religions. Their entire social, economic, cultural and personal activities depend upon the Timing in Perspective and prospective context. In Islam timing plays most important role in scheduling five daily prayers and timing of other worships.

#### **One word Answer**

**1. Research on Stars and satellites is called**

Ans: Astrology.

**2 The revolutions of earth on its own axis**

Ans: creates day, night

**3. Earth completes its revolution around sun. in**

Ans: 365 days.

**4. Timing of our religious festival is linked with**

Ans: moon.

**5: our earth is a**

Ans: PLANET.





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## **CHAPTER 12**

### **SOCIAL ETIQUETTE**

#### Social Etiquette

Social etiquette is needed in every walk of life by every person. Its significance is brought to light by every religion. Infact all religions preach and train their followers to become humble, kind, and sympathetic not only to fellow being but even to animas birds, plants all living non-living things. Worship to God is only effective/ and productive when done with sacredness and, etiquettes. Otherwise, entire life dedication and devotion, worship and sacrifices would go waste besides religion. There are numerous social sectors and, in each sector, some peculiar discipline, etiquettes and ethics are required to be observed and carried out as norms of society.

In this chapter a few common social situations will be highlighted to explain students how to behave in those situations with etiquette. For example, if you want to inquire or talk to unknown person. Then you can say 'excuse me Sir, or if you are addressed by stranger then reply decently "yes please" and then thank you or no problem or it is ok etc. As the situation demands.

#### **Meeting some-one.**

When meeting someone. Meet with smile, shake hand warmly but not press hand hard or just give a gesture. Introduce your name. It makes easy for him to response friendly.

#### **Manners**

- a) Similarly walk gracefully on road.
- b) When sitting in some gatherings do not place one, leg over the other.
- c) Stand in a line at bus stop and other places where people are in queue at some office or bank.
- d) Wear clean and decent dress according to the requirement of the place.
- e) Use always decent language with soft accent.
- f) Do not sneeze and cough without handkerchief.
- g) If you are to open a door for someone to enter, keep the door open until he enters thereafter door is to be closed slowly and gently.
- h) Make habit to be punctual at every place.
- i) During conversation always listen other attentively with respect and do not interfere.
- j) Never speak loudly and use abusive language.
- k) Avoid discussing controversial issues.
- l) Pay respect to everyone, listen him/her whether is junior in age and stature.
- m) Advise kindly.







- n) Keep and maintain cleanness and sanctity of the place.
- o) Not to spoil atmosphere and environment from any action.
- p) Shake hand or just give 'a gesture and introduce your name. It makes easy for him to response friendly.

If someone needs any help and you can afford then extend it with sincerity and honesty. Social etiquette of a person is needed not only to men but for 'all living creatures, plants and nonliving things inducing atmosphere, and surrounding environment. From bad attitude and bad etiquettes not only, people get annoyed but the environment and atmosphere is also get polluted and affected.

### **SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER**

#### **1. What is etiquette?**

Ans: Etiquette is the manner of conduct, attitude and behavior. It reflects the personality and the character of the person that whether he/she is good and cultured or uncivilized person. Etiquette is the reflection of personality of a person.

#### **2. What are social rules to use mobile cell?**

Ans: The mobile is a mean of a communication. With distanced friends and relatives. But its best place of use at home, in personal office, and isolated places. It must not be used outside home, during walking or driving, shopping, in mosques, in Banks Government offices, etc. At incoming calls make short response, during short or long journey better, not use mobile or make short discourse in low voice. Outside home use simple and cheap set as to avoid snatching.

#### **3. What should you do when someone is in difficulty?**

Ans: If someone is in distress and his/her difficulty can be removed by your efforts, then it should be extended if not find someone else to who is willing to help him or her beside you. Don't. leave someone in distress. If nothing can be done by you ask other people and dial help line numbers

#### **4. What is the manner to address someone?**

Ans: One should be polite, courteous, there are many ways but the common method is to say please excuse me sir.

#### **5. What manners should be observed in walking?**

Ans: One should walk gently, and straight, look at his track for safety, Not to look people unnecessarily. Not to spit or throw rappers around. If there is any removable hurdle like broken twigs, empty bottles, pebbles should be removed properly.







## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

### **1. Why etiquette is necessary in civil society?**

Ans: The most important factor for etiquette is that man is a social animal and the civil society is structured on, close cooperation amongst all. members of the society. Therefore everyone is depended upon each other in the civil society. If there is no friendly attitude among people then life will become miserable in the civil society. The love, sympathy, peace and harmony in the civil society can only flourish with etiquettes only. When all persons and places are given due respect and regard then love , peace and harmony is developed which are the basis of civil society.

### **2. Write a note on manners of meeting.**

Ans: The manners of meeting are the most important social activity in every body's life whether he/she is child or adult or grown up man and women. There is no work or initiative can be taken without meeting with someone in the civil society. However, in meeting you can meet already known person or some stranger, businessman, officials or various other types of man The purpose of meeting is also important. It may be official, commercial or friendly. The place of meeting is also as an factor of importance. Therefore in meeting with someone one must have full knowledge To whom he/she is meeting. The reason of meeting The place of meeting He/she is to prepare for meeting accordingly. In short he must be punctual, properly dressed up according to the place and environment, have knowledge and relevant document according to the nature of meeting have decent manners of discourse, siting and waiting and conversation.

### **3. What manners in your opinion is to be known to every one?**

Ans: The manners of meeting are the most important social activity in every body's life whether he/she is child or adult or grown up man and women. There is no work or initiative can be taken without meeting with someone in the civil society. However, in meeting you can meet already known person or some stranger, businessman, officials or various other types of man The purpose of meeting is also important. It may be official, commercial or friendly. The place of meeting is also as a factor of importance. Therefore, in meeting with someone one must have full knowledge To whom he/she is meeting. The reason of meeting the place of meeting He/she is to prepare for meeting accordingly. In short he must be punctual, properly dressed up according to the place and environment, have knowledge and relevant document according to the nature of meeting have decent manners of discourse, siting and waiting and conversation.

### **3. What manners in your opinion is to be known to every one?**

Ans: In my opinion Social etiquette must be known to everyone. It means that every person must know how to behave when meeting one or many person or when visiting any office. There is no one who can live alone in isolation and do everything by himself. One has to





meet, contact, Junior, 'Senior, Stranger, friends, relatives, etc. Therefore he must know how to deal with people with respect love and kindness and not do any such thing which creates nuisance/disturbance for example smoking, talking loudly on mobile, etc. similarly visiting any office he must have all relevant documents/ materials with him in short social etiquette, the manners of speaking must be well known to him. In short he must know

1. What to wear according to place and time?
2. The manners of courtesy
3. The decent style of discourse.
4. Relevant knowledge and documents.
5. Manners of standing in queue, sitting, using mobile.
6. Not wearing sun glasses or chewing when formally meeting someone.

Social etiquette is needed in every walk of life by every person, Its significance is brought to light by every religion. Infact all religion preach and train their followers to become humble, kind, and sympathetic not only to fellow being but even to animals' birds, plants all living non-living things.

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## **CHAPTER 13**

### **THE ETIQUETTES OF PLACES OF WORSHIP**

Religious Worships places are very sacred in every religion. We should not only observe the sanctity of our own worships places but should also give due regard and respect to other religious places. If we happen -to be a tourist or. visitor at some place of different religion worship place either we should join their. Religious proceeding or sit calmly/quietly at some place and watch with respect. We must not disturb or do anything which shows any disgust /disliking to the people of that religion.

There are some specific disciplines of each religious Worship place according to their religion. A brief of them are as under.

#### **a. Mosques.**

1. Make sure your clothes are clean.
2. Put your right foot first in the mosque and say entering prayer in mosques.
3. Say prayer when leaving, put left foot out first.
4. Remove and place sleepers/shoes at appropriate place.
5. Make a Wazu.
6. Sit or perform prayer at easily available place
7. Don't stretch your feet towards Qibla
8. Don't talk or use mobile phone.
9. Put cap or cover your head during prayer.



#### **Church**

1. Observe complete silence before religious proceeding on Sunday.
2. On Sunday the Holy Communion must be attended from beginning to end.
3. No clapping during church service.
4. Amen is to be said after each prayer

#### **Judaism**

Skullcap (Kippah) should be kept on the head and Tat lit a prayer shawl should have on the shoulders Either one should take part in it their worship which is continued for three to four hours or one should sit outside or join them, their divine book torah should not be placed on the floor. Should be kissed with esteem and placed on high place.



#### **Buddhism**



Shoes and caps/ headgear should be left outside. Proper's dress/ trouser should be worn. Not to touch the statute of Gotham Buddha. Back at feet 2/3 steps and return Stand in homage when their priests enter. use rights hand in taking and giving anything. Enter with right foot in and exit with left foot out first.

#### Hindu Temple

Leave shoes outside before entering into the temple. take "Prasad" from right hand Ring the bells.

Before or after the pooja, join the slogan Jay ho' should be said,

#### Gurdwara

Remove Shoes outside, is a sign of reverence in most of religion

Cover head with Turban or handkerchief.

Near Guru Ganth sahib kneels and bow until forehead touches the floor.

An offering must make which may be milk, money or food.

Man sits on the right-side women on the left.

Listen Hyman/ sermon. Silently or join them say wah guru

Karah parsad must be taken in the right hand also take langar.

We as human being must respect worship places and their manners of worship with due respect and sacredness. It promotes harmony and love amongst each other.





## SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER

### **Q1. What are sitting manners in Mosques?**

Ans: Sit or perform prayer at easily available place

Don't stretch your feet towards Qibla

Don't talk or use mobile phone.

### **Q2. What are manners of visiting temple?**

Ans:

1. Remove shoes outside
2. Take parshad in right hand
3. Ring the bell.
4. Participle in their worshipping
5. Or sit silently at one side and watch proceeding with respect.
6. Jayho say it when all other say.

### **Q3. What are manners of visiting Church?**

Ans:

1. Observe complete silence before religious proceeding on Sunday.
2. On Sunday the Holy Communion must be attended from beginning to end.
3. No clapping during church service.
4. Amen is to be said after each prayer

### **Q4. What are manners of visiting Synagogue?**

Ans: All guests and participants are expected to respect the sanctity of the prayer service and Shabbat by setting your cell phone or beeper to vibrate or turning it off, not taking pictures, not smoking in the synagogue or on the grounds and not writing or recording tapes.

### **Q5. What are manners of visiting Gurdwara and pagoda?**

Ans:

- Remove Shoes outside, is a sign of reverence in most of religion
- Cover head with Turban or handkerchief.
- Near Guru Ganth sahib kneels and bow until forehead touches the floor.
- An offering must make which may be milk, money or food.
- We as human being must respect worship places and their manners of worship with due respect and sacredness. It promotes harmony and love amongst each other.



## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

### **Q1. What is the significance of worship place in any society?**

Ans: Religious Worships places are very sacred in every religion. We should not only observe the sanctity of our own worships places but should also give due regard and respect to other religious places if we happen to be a tourist or visitor at some place of different religion.

Either we should join their religious activities or sit at some side and watch with respect we must not disturb or do anything which show any disgust disliking to the people. Our entry and exit from a religious place should be very modest and proper. We should sit or join religious proceeding in sober and disciplined manners. Anything taking and giving should be done with right hand.

### **Q2. What are general etiquette to visit religious places?**

Ans: 1. In giving a taking something use Right hand.

2 If a devotes other religion visit your place of worship Do not stop him.

3. While visiting any place of worship, Be silent and wear clean clothes.

4. Either join their religious proceeding or sit at side and watch proceeding gracefully.







## **CHAPTER 14**

### **OFFICE MANNERS**

#### **MANNERS OF CONDUCTING GENERAL TRANSACTION**

Every one of us has to deal with offices, banks, and other institutions in bank connection of daily routine of life for examples banks, educational Places, government, Public, Private Offices etc. At every such place some basic requirements are to be fulfilled, some rules of discipline are to be observed. Otherwise, it would cause, delay, disappointment and frustration.

##### **General precautions**

1. Due to Pandemic corona virus, mask is necessary enter into bank and many other places.
2. Wear clean clothes
3. If there is queue, get into the line decently, not force entry and push other and not smoke or speak on mobile loudly.
4. Wait for your turn
5. Also make sure that you are standing in the right line of your concern counter.
6. Have all the relevant documents and their photocopies ready to submit at the counter.
7. Keep mobile on silent mode. On receiving call, say please excuse me, go to empty side, talk short in low voice and return to your Place in line

##### **Banks**

1. Get token from machine according to your transaction, and wait for your number announcement. Your NIC and its Photocopy always must be in your pocket and whenever and wherever you go out of your house.
2. Talk always with people and concern person with due respect/regard even if he is not of your stature. Let other always to complete their talk and do not interfere rather listen attentively.
3. Do not argue irrationally and forcefully. Make others to understand you easily. Don't leave any office, bank etc. hurriedly. Check your bag/ pocket that you are not forgetting anything.
4. Display your manners and decent attitude in all your conduct in the premises, to the concern person and to the all present in that environments leave the place with good impression and' soft smile.





5. Particularly in bank follow the bank procedure there is a desk officer/receptionist in every bank, institutions get their guidance and follow them respectfully.
6. Similarly in government offices, meet the concern person and officer with all relevant papers at his given time.
7. Give him due respect and regard, speak with him softly.
8. Always remember, a humble and respectful attitude is never turned down anywhere by anyone.

## **SHORT QUESTION ANSWER**

### **Q1. What is the meaning of office?**

Ans: Office is a Place where some personal, social. officials. etc. works is to be done. The offices may be government department, private, public commercial places Such as banks etc.

### **Q2. What are functions of Bank?**

Ans: The main function of Bank is the money transaction with its account holders. They open the account, keep their money in their account. provide them him facility to draw and deposit time to time. Provide lockers for valuables and various kinds of loan etc.

### **Q3. What is meaning online Transfer?**

Ans: On Line transaction means that any sell purchase of any item can be carried out from home or from office without any waste of time and transpiration. it is done through computer and internet service, for money ATM card number is used for on line payment. The item is delivered by the seller through riders.

### **Q4. What benefits Students can get from bank?**

Ans: Students can maintain cash transaction with bank pertaining to their study examination fees. Logistic/ hostel etc. loan facility for study. opening of various account. receiving funds in their bank account from their parents and guardians etc.

### **Q5. Narrate in your own words paying bills in the Bank.**

Ans: It is a nice experience which saves time and other botheration. On one day at 10 am in the morning after breakfast, I took monthly bills of electricity. Sui gas and water bill and went to nearby bank. In all banks there are utility bill counter, approached to the concern counter, gave him all bills with amount. He received the cash Signed the bill and returned to me. The whole process took only five minutes. I happily returned home because not only time is saved but transport inconvenience is also saved.





## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

### **Q1. What preparation should be catered for before visiting any office?**

Ans: 1. Due to Pandemic corona virus, mask is necessary enter into bank and many other places.

2. Wear clean clothe

3. If there are quires, get into the line decently, not force entry and push other and not smoke or speak on mobile loudly.

4 Wait for your turn

5. Also make sure that you are standing in the right line of your concern counter.

6. Keep mobile on silent mode. On receiving call, say please excuse me, go to empty side, talk short in low voice and return to your Place in line

### **Q2. Describe internal security mean of the bank?**

Ans: Internal security of the bank means that to save the bank from thieves and bank robbers because bank is a financial institution. There is huge money transaction takes place every day and huge deposits are also made. Therefore, the internal as well as external security of the bank, its staff and client security is most important thing in and around the banks. The clients should cooperate with the security staff inside the bank and outside the bank because bank robbers also gets entry in the bank as ordinary clients.

### **Q3. Describe the precautions for bank entry?**

Ans: Bank entry manners

1. If there is line outside the Bank get into the line.
2. Wait for your turn to enter into the bank
3. Wear mask
4. When enter get numbers from machine.
5. To get some inform action go to particular counter at your term.
6. For cash/deposit counter, fill its concern bank voucher keeps ready.
7. Never to speak rudely, or leave any document in the bank.
8. Count money at the counter and place save in your pockets.

### **Q4. In your own words narrate experience of opening an account.**

Ans: Account opening is an experience of little patience and time consuming. There are Some essential documentation and bank queries which are to be fulfilled. Bank queries and other information required by the bank for opening account must be rightly given and account opening form must be fulfilled with exact information and right spellings. When i





opened my account in a local bank, i took along my NIC original, utility bills. photos. I went to account opening officer and asked him to open my account. He asked my name, address of my residence and reason for opening current account. I replied accurately all question and told him that my elder broth is abroad he sends us monthly remittance for the family. He gave me the form. I filled him with his guidance submitted copies of all relevant documents and cash 1000 rupees for opening of account. I also signed signature specimen card. Then bank officer completed his formalities and gave me receipt and time of few working days to receive cheque book. It is little lengthy process but makes life easy.

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## CHAPTER 15

### TRAVELLING PRECAUTIONS

#### THE SIGNIFICANCE OF TRAVELLING RULES

This world is a short passage to heaven for all creatures including mankind. Since the beginning of life on earth everyone is travelling in one way or the other something is creeping, some travelling. some is walking, some is running, some is swimming and some is flying. All movements are a kind of journey to final destiny, coming to the topic how man is engaged in this Journey.

In prehistoric period before the introduction of Technology man ride animals as mean to travel on land and through boats in Sea and river. The invention of wheel and discovery of energy resources changed the style and concept of Journey. Now all kinds of travelling whether on sea air or space, there needs some basic requirements and preparation let us begin with Bus Stand.

#### **Bus Stand**

There are two types of Bus Stands in developed cities of world one for local Journey bus stand the other for long Journey bus stand from one City to another city. In Pakistan you may find bus stop in major cities only. Our country is under developing state. You may or may not find any difference between local. bus stand long journey bus station or you May not find any bus stop at all bus stand. However, at the bus stand you have to be very alert and careful and follow some basic rules for your own safety.

#### **The basic rules to observe outside home**

1. When you are out from your house for any reason or purpose on foot or on some vehicle pray Allah for safe Journey and safe return.
2. Never use mobile or eat or chew gum or something on your way.
3. Don't expect other to follow any discipline.
4. You take care yourself from all possible ways.
5. Be alert mentally and physically.
6. If moving towards bus stand except green bus service makes sure the bus stand is safe for waiting the conveyance.
7. If people are lined up then get into the line respectfully.
8. Be seated if you find seat, help old/sick people to sit instead you.
9. Buy ticket.
10. Don't smoke; talk on mobile or spit here and there.
11. Pray on rosary or in heart.
12. Don't push driver to drive fast.







13. Don't engage in any controversial discussion
14. Keep extra vigilance and watch over passengers keep boarding into the bus.
15. Don't take any eating stuff from any passenger and don't eat.
16. Keep your money and other belongings inside pocket out be alert from pickpocket.
17. Get ready and extra alert before arrival of your destiny because mostly people hurriedly get down at their stops and loses their money and other belongings.

## **Long journey bus station**

For long journey bus stop you need perfect planning and preparation.

1. Keep your hand bags is as simple as possible if it is a short time travel and you are returning same day or in few days.
2. If you are going on vacation then even try your baggage as simple as possible tightly. pack your goods with lock or rupees.
3. Keep relevant journey documents such as NIC, money enough for Journey. Ticket and address where you are going keep inside the pocket of your garment wearing on the day of Journey.
4. Reach bus stop of 15/20 minutes early.
5. load your baggage safely
6. Sit on your seat.
7. Observe all that rules of ethies and morality as you as in local travelling as mentioned above.
8. However during long journey the coach stops intermittently at various stops. use, washing facilities a stopover cleanly.
9. Take light refreshment at stop over. Also keep check on driving and bus speed. Make sure the drives driving the bus safely as per traffic rules,
10. Talk friendly with all passengers particularly with neighboring passenger. Neither share eating stuff nor family information with unknown person in the journey At stopover bus be always near to your bus.
11. Show your identity to concern authorities wherever it Is asked for.
12. If you are sick not travel. If Journey is necessary Then travel along with some relative so he takes care of you
13. If you are sting behind driver seat, neither talk, nor sleep/snap or do anything which disturb he concentration of driver,
14. If at the bus terminal someone is there to receive you it is good otherwise make sure you are not highly charged by cab drivers



## **Railway Station**

Railway Journey is quite romantic and memorable event in life. Mostly People experience railway Journey a few times in their life. However those who are local traders or government or private employees in cities other than their native towns they travel regularly as long as their business or Job continues but generally railways journey is a very





interesting and enjoyable experience for all persons of all ages. Definitely there are some essential preparations to enjoy this journey.

A planning is needed few days early, If going first time. As a regular customer at least one/two days before Journey.

Book your ticket, Seat, Berth, according to your requirement.

Take that much luggage as much you can put under your seat or Berth.

On the day of Journey take light food and for Journey Fruit/cold drink, dry items are better than cooked oily, spicy and delicious food. Because water and washing facility is limited in journey of any kind.

Reach Station at least one hour before departure time.

## **Air Journey**

The Air journey is most expensive. It is mostly used by trading community, businessman, overseas employees and officials. Other ordinary citizens on rare occasions travel by air. Air travelling for either reason needs a lot of preparations and planning before air Journey. The basic requirements of this journey are as under

1. Valid Passport
2. Valid NIC
3. Visa of going abroad
4. Ticket
5. Booking of Seat in the air lines many days early.
6. Prepare your baggage with legal items under weight limit.
7. Smartly dressed reached at airport 3 % hour early.
8. St in the lounge and wait for airlines announcement.
9. Put your luggage in Trolley.

When you check in, hand over your travelling documents and luggage to the staff. whatever they ask reply politely. They will issue boarding card end sticker, Tags to attach your luggage passports and bags etc. get through security and screening process. You are then are directed too pick up your goods and sit-in a waiting lounge until airline coach takes you to the aircraft.





## SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

### **Q1. Give introduction of old Travelling means.**

Ans. Before the invention of wheel, people used to travel from one place to another place on riding animals, camels, horses, Mules, donkeys etc. and across the river and ocean the Travelling was more difficult and adventurous.

### **Q2. Give Introduction of modern means of travelling.**

Ans: There are many modern means of Travelling one can travel on land, in air, by sea, on land. There are many kinds of conveyance Bike to Rail. One can enjoy his Journey by air or by rail or by bus.

### **Q3. Whom bus stand is useful?**

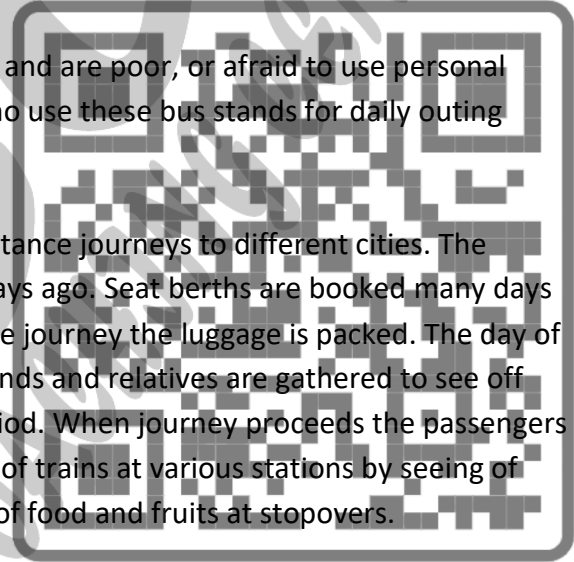
Ans: Those who have no personal conveyance, and are poor, or afraid to use personal conveyance, Workers, employees, students who use these bus stands for daily outing

### **Q4. Why people prefer to Journey by rail?**

Ans: Rail Journey is romantic. It covers long-distance journeys to different cities. The preparation of rail journey takes place many days ago. Seat berths are booked many days ago. according to the nature and purpose of the journey the luggage is packed. The day of departure is a very emotional and excited. Friends and relatives are gathered to see off whether going for long or small duration of period. When journey proceeds the passengers enjoy rapidly changing of Scenes and stopover of trains at various stations by seeing of people of different culture and testing variety of food and fruits at stopovers.

### **Q5. What are the things necessary to travel by air?**

Ans: By Air Travelling is very expensive Ticket, Passport, is most essential for international Journey visa is also needed





## **LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS**

### **Q1. Explain the meaning of Bus stop and its manners.**

Ans: The ordinary meaning of the bus stop that it is a place of public transport stops to take passengers in to or their commuters where Public transport like buses stops to up load /dislodge passengers.

- Be alert mentally and physically.
- If moving towards bus stand except green bus service makes sure the bus stand is safe for waiting the conveyance.
- If people are lined up then get into the line respectfully.
- Be seated if you find seat, help old/sick people to sit instead you.
- Buy ticket.
- Don't smoke; talk on mobile or spit here and there.
- Don't push driver to drive fast.
- Don't engage in any controversial discussion
- Keep extra vigilance and watch over passengers keep boarding into the bus.:
- Don't take any eating stuff from any passenger and don't eat.

### **Q2. Write a Note in railway Journey manners.**

Ans: Railway Journey is quite romantic and memorable event in life. Mostly People experience railway Journey a few times in their life. However those who are local traders or government or private employees in cities other than their native towns they travel regularly as long as their business or Job continues

Definitely there are some essential preparations to enjoy this journey.

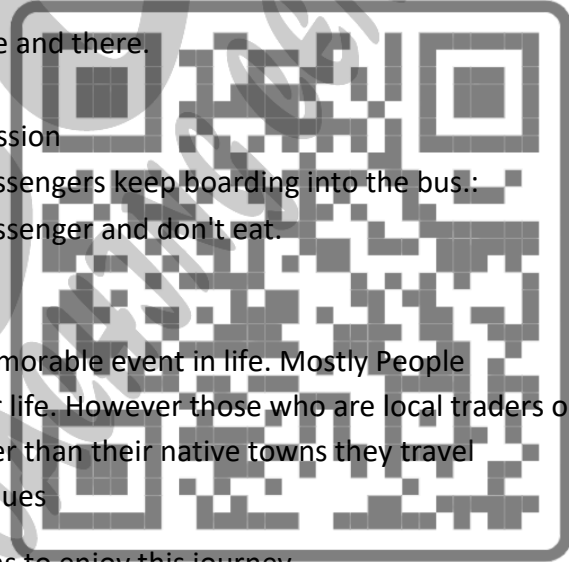
- A planning is needed few days early, If going first time. As a regular customer at least one/two days before Journey.
- Book your ticket, Seat, Berth, according to your requirement.
- Take that much luggage as much you can put under your seat or Berth.
- Reach Station at least one hour before departure time.

### **Q3. Prove manners of air Journey with examples.**

The Air journey is most expensive. It is mostly used by trading community, businessman, overseas employees and officials

The basic requirements of this journey are as under

1. Valid Passport
2. Valid NIC





3. Visa of going abroad
4. Ticket
5. Booking of Seat in the air lines many days early.
6. Prepare your baggage with legal items under weight limit.
7. Smartly dressed reached at airport 3 % hour early.
8. St in the lounge and wait for airlines announcement.
9. Put your luggage in Trolley.

Statements with Answers.

1. Present era is of **science** and **Technology**.
2. **Air Journey** is the fastest and most comfortable.

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## CHAPTER 16

### MARKET AND MARKETING

#### Market Rules

The modern technology is rapidly changing the concept of shopping. Mainly the computer, mobile are the main changing factor, Mobile has minimized the time factor, distance factor in communication. People in a fraction of second not only can negotiate but also can see variety of products on a video call.

Similarly there are many hazards and hurdles, waste of 2 time in going for shopping, the traffic jam, transportation, fear of being looted, snappers and snatchers and so many other problems that's why Now in major cities people are concentrating more on line shopping than shopping in market.

Almost all items are now sold through shopping online however, the market has the glorious past and still can enjoy bright future. Market is a business place where large numbers of shops with variety of items are found. People can find their items of need at shop rate or whole, sell price. It is a crowded place. It is also a meeting place of people particularly in far flung villages where besides trade, market also serves as the cultural and social centre for the villagers. But in major cities where there are countless numbers of markets and markets of specific products it serves the variety of ends. Markets in cities display industrial items, handicrafts, locally made things, international products and the most important is the modern technology and technique in making of various items. These markets also provide technical training and knowledge to the young people. Which boast the personal skill and economy, trade at local and international level and make the economy of the country strong.

Market is a commercial place which should be structured according to government rules where all business transaction, quantity of goods, quality, advertising, traffic around to be organized and controlled. Sell/ purchase, supply are to be checked and regulated by Rules and regulation of the government. It should not turn into unruly bazaar where there is no discipline. It would decline The tastes of the people, the quality of goods, It adversely affects the every aspect of whole society. It also deprives a very large number of people from earning and respectable life who are otherwise are well skilled in handicraft and could earn a good name for them and for country in international market.







The hold of public and private sector over the construction of markets and market affairs has not only deprived many skilled and non skilled people from earning but has also made difficult for poor man to carry out any business with small investment. This has created an unemployment problem in the country. If government had constructed commercial markets and had sold shops at reasonable price it would have solved many problems such as un employment, price hike, vicious trading etc. on the other hand it has also created a wide scope and opportunities and prospect to all citizens of the country. A good and useful product at reasonable price can be sold with or without any complication only government has to take some of the following steps.

1. Government should establish public markets at various places in cities with easy accessible roads and Public transport
2. Entire business activities in that market and surrounding must be regulated and controlled under lawful authority.
3. Shops are to be sold at affordable prices.
4. Shops are to be reserved for skilled villagers to sell and display their arts.
5. Trade and skill training centre must be established in the market.

Sindh Province is famous for Handicraft in future paper currency will be replaced by digital currency social media is the basis of modern marketing

## **SHORT QUESTION ANSWERS**

### **Q1. What is the meaning of demand and supply?**

Ans: The demand and supply is one of the strategies of marketing and business transaction. Things are manufactured according to its demand and supplied in the market according to the demand. Demand and supply is directly proportional

### **Q2. Why marketing is necessary?**

Ans: Marketing is necessary to introduce the item in the market and to bring into knowledge of the people its use, benefits, quality, and its price. This is the fundamental process of marketing of new or competitive products to capture market. The marketing promotes the new product, technology, prosperity of state and up grading the standard of life of people.

### **Q3. What are present fields of business and trades?**

Ans: Agriculture produces and farm products were the oldest kind of business. The education, Science and technology has shaped the business into countless forms. Besides farm produce, industrial products, educational products/ Services, handicraft, Cottage industry etc are few examples modern fields of the trades.

### **Q4. What is the importance of social media in business?**





Ans: The Social media is the fastest marketing method. It makes the item popular in the country and at international market in no time, the social media electrify the business objectives, volume of business by connecting prospective clients and customers online in few seconds. the social median can help you to carryout business successfully from any place even from home

**Q5. What is the importance of education and skill in the marketing?**

Ans: The skill and education is the most important factor in every aspect of life similarly skill and education in manufacturing of any product and using of technology in making a better and competitive product and in marketing the product can give him huge success.

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**LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS**

**1. What was method of business in ancient market system?**

Ans: However old marketing method was mainly based on trade journey of people from one city or country to another city /country on riding animals like horses, camels and donkeys etc .Their commodities mainly comprising agriculture, farms products, animals and handmade stuffs. They either purchased, exchanged (barter).

**Q2. What is the basis of modern market System?**

Ans: The technology, computer, mobile, media and advertisements have altogether changed the idea of trade, business and kinds of products in millions which are more industrial than agricultural. Trade journey is replaced with fastest means of transports, and import and export. Shopping in the modern period is assisted by social media, delivery and payment is made. Online through internet or banks. . In the modern period business is an international subject of practical science and technology in which every human being in one way or the other is directly or indirectly engaged.

**3. What is the importance of Market in the business?**

Ans: Market is a place where there are many shops in which variety of items one sold, the consumer who needs daily a large number of various items for daily consumption can buy all those on most of the item from the market therefore the market is as useful to the buyer as to the businessman. Every business man according to his skill and resources brings his goods in his shop and sells to the consumer the market is place of the of profession and livelihood for them.





## **CHAPTER 17**

### **ARISTOTLE**

Aristotle

Greek Philosopher contributed to science, politics, and literature etc. and educated the whole world. Aristotle is one of the outstanding Greek Philosopher. Scientist, etc. who was born at Stagira Northern coast of Greek in C-384 B.C.

His father Nicomachus was the court physician of Macedonian king Amyntas II Aristotle received his early education according to curriculum from his father. When Aristotle was 10 years and his father died. He was looked after by the king. At the age of 17 he reached Athens which was the centre of education of the world.

He Joined Plato academy remains attached with Plato and Socrates for 20 years.

After the death of Macedonian King, Alexander at the age of 20 became the King. He was not mature enough to look after the state affairs.

His mother called Aristotle to the court as the tutor of Alexander. He was to teach him Rhetoric (Art of speech) and poetics (to deals State affairs). After the death of Plato Aristotle established his own school Lyceum, where besides teaching writing, research work on various subject were also caried out.

His Student Alexander the great always loved and respected him, he used to send unique goods from his every conquered country to his tutor Aristotle, Alexander in praise Aristotle said that Aristotle like can produce thousands of Alexander the great can't produce one Aristotle.

When Alexander the great died in 323 BC. When Pro Macedonian government was over thrown, Aristotle charged with impiety for his association with the Alexander the great. He escaped from Athens to Euboea where he remained until his death a year later.

Much of his work left at Athens However, he produced his creative work on various subjects including literature, science, politics and philosophy etc, His some of the written books included Poetics deals with all types of literature, science, politics, and philosophy etc.



EU Damian Nichomachean Ethics and Ethics, It explains how a good moral conduct. is devised which he called good living. The importance of rhetoric in politics. How to deal state affairs?

Prior analytics explains syllogism philosophy developed systematic concept of logic, Biology.

Few of Aristotle thoughts are as under.



1. Everyman is pursuing peace and happiness which he can only achieve only by doing noble deeds.
2. Everything has some specific purpose by which the thing a person is known to other therefore everyone should perform his specific and special duty honestly which is better for the world and for every one of us.
3. There is no Joy in the physical lust but the real Joy is in the reason and wisdom.
4. Physical enjoy is the nature of animals, because that is inherited in their nature by providence. The evil nature in man and deprivation can be controlled by rationalism, reasoning and self Control.

### **SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER**

**Q1. What are fields of educating which Aristotle worked out?**

Ans. Aristotle worked in various subjects of arts and science. It mainly include Phycology, Medicine, physics, ethics, literature, biology etc.

**Q2. What do you know about tutor and students of Aristotle?**

Ans: Socrates. and Puro were his teacher m bis advance study but his father was also his Teacher who gave bin earlier education according to the curriculum

**Q3. What are important Aristotle books and their approx. numbers?**

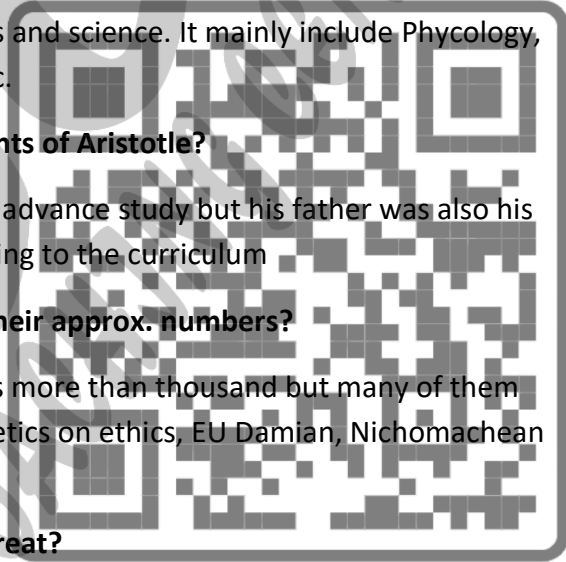
Ans: According to his one of the students it was more than thousand but many of them were lost. The name some of the books are poetics on ethics, EU Damian, Nichomachean Ethics and Ethics

**Q4. What lesson he taught to Alexander the great?**

Ans: He gave him a moral lesson and told him that every human being is Allah's Creation so he has right to be respected which is his birth right

**Q5. What Alexander said about Aristotle?**

Ans: Alexander had great reverence for Aristotle. He said it Aristotle lives he would make thousands of Alexanders but thousands of Alexanders cannot make one Aristotle





## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

### 1. Highlight the earlier life of Aristotle.

Ans: Greek Philosopher contributed to science, politics, and literature etc. and educated the whole world. Aristotle is one of the outstanding Greek Philosopher. Scientist, etc. who was born at Stagira Northern coast of Greek in C-384 B.C.

His father Nicomachus was the court physician of Macedonian king Amyntas II Aristotle received his early education according to curriculum from his father. When Aristotle was 10 years and his father died. He was looked after by the king.

### 2. Explain Aristotle teaching and writing.

Ans: At the age of 17 he reached Athens which was the centre of education of the world.

He Joined Plato academy remains attached with Plato and Socrates for 20 years.

Much of his work left at Athens However, he produced his creative work on various subjects including literature, science, politics and philosophy etc, His some of the written books included Poetics deals with all types of literature, science, politics, and philosophy etc.

### Q3. What was his opinion about ethics?

Ans.

1. Everyman is pursuing peace and happiness which he can only achieve only by doing noble deeds.
2. Everything has some specific purpose by which the thing a person is known to other therefore everyone should perform his specific and special duty honestly which is better for the world and for every one of us.
3. There is no Joy in the physical lust but the real Joy is in the reason and wisdom.
4. Physical enjoy is the nature of animals, because that is inherited in their nature by providence. The evil nature in man and deprivation can be controlled by rationalism, reasoning and self Control.

### One word Answer

1. Aristotle father Nechomachines profession **Royal physician**
2. Royal The name of Aristotle Teacher. **Aflaton**
3. The name of book in ethics **Neckomachen**
4. Aristotle is known as the pioneer in **logic and Biology** (marine)
5. He died in **Podebia 323 BC**







## CHAPTER 18

### IMMANUEL KANT

Immanuel Kant is a German Philosopher and Pioneer of Western Philosophy. He actually belonged to Scotland. He was born in Johannesburg in 22 April 1724. He was 4th child of poor family. His father John Georg Kant was harness maker and was staunch follower of Pietism. From his childhood he also practiced religion strictly. He never married. He was short in height but his works in philosophy and in other branches of knowledge and education was of great height. He worked for completing his education. He was Philosopher, Professor, Educationist; he was also accomplished in physics, Math, Metaphysics etc. In his early education, he showed extraordinary interest in religion and taken classics, in 1740 enrolled as student of theology in Konigsberg University, in 1746 his father died. He left university to earn to support his family.

In 1755 returned to University. During this period he continued his philosophical writing on rationalism and empiricism. He Joined University as tutor and spent 15 years as tutor and professor. There he came in contact with lock and Home who were the two great philosophers at that time whose theories had created a great public excitement and commotion.

Kant after a great study and effort wrote and published Critique of Pure Reason in 1781 which described the importance of wisdom and character that our knowledge is limited for anything in the world.

To comprehend the Kant philosophy is very difficult to understand at this level however publication of critique of pure reason was to criticize and reject the philosophical concept of lesbianism that philosophy should model itself on mathematics and aim it constructing a chain of arguments.

He synthesized the early modern rationalism, and empiricism, His Philosophy exercised a great influence in Metaphysics. Epistemology. ethics, Political Philosophy aesthetics and other fields. The fundamental of Kant philosophy is exposed in his three critique of pure reason, and 1781 to 1787.

In 1781, Immanuel Kant published the Critique of Pure Reason, an enormous work, and one of the most important on Western thought. He described that reason and experiences interact with thought and understanding. This enable man in understanding the world works. He applied the concept on ethics and the philosophical study of moral actions. He proposed a moral law called the "categorical imperative," stating that morality is derived from rationality and all moral judgments are rationally supported. What is right is right and what is wrong is wrong and religion or good is based on highest modality ground According



to his deontological moral theory the highest moral standard task should be done with bona fide intention without waiting for its result. Therefore, there is no confusion. Human beings are obligated to follow this imperative unconditionally if they are to claim to be moral.

He based religion on moral values which is not derived from experience only. It is higher than experience. Whatever we want for us we should desire for others as to make the society better. We should keep our consciousness clear and always follow the dictates of clean consciousness. This is the basic of ethics.

In short Kant philosophy, teach man to understand and practice religion and believe in God and do goods for the people and society with absolute conviction and belief gained from philosophy, through metaphysics, gained rationalism and empiricism. Besides Kant also worked General natural history and theory of heavens, physical geography, galaxy etc. two students of university, Fharbarta AND Gotaleeb took the Kant philosophy as the subject of their education.

Kant died on 12 February 1804 in Königsberg which is located in Russia.

## **Short Questions /Answers**

**Q1. What are fields of Immanuel Kant work?**

Ans: Immanuel Kant worked out on various subjects including Ethics, Philosophy, Science Physics, Geography, Natural history

**Q2. Write name of his books.**

Ans: The name of few books, Epistemology. Critique of Pure Reason.

**Q3. What is Kant theory of ethics?**

Ans: In 1781, Immanuel Kant published the Critique of Pure Reason, an enormous work, and one of the most important on Western thought. He described that reason and experiences interact with thought and understanding. This enables man in understanding the world works. He applied the concept on ethics and the philosophical study of moral actions. He proposed a moral law called the "categorical imperative," stating that morality is derived from rationality and all moral judgments are rationally supported. What is right is right and what is wrong is wrong and religion or good is based on highest modality ground

**Q4. What do you know about his marriage?**

Ans: He was a shy person. He never married. He tried two times but could not marry, First girl whom he loved married to someone else, second time the girl left the town to another city.

**Q5. When and where he died?**





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Ans: He died on 14 February 1804 in Johannesburg Germany which is now part of Russia territory.

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## LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS

### **Q1. Write Note on Kant Childhood and his personality.**

Ans: Immanuel Kant is a German Philosopher and Pioneer of Western Philosophy. He actually belonged to Scotland. He was born in Johannesburg in 22 April 1724. He was 4th child of poor family. His father John Georg Kant was harness maker and was staunch follower of Pietism. From his childhood he also practiced religion strictly.

He Joined University as tutor and spent 15 years as tutor and professor. There he came in contact with lock and Home who were the two great philosophers at that time whose theories had created a great public excitement and commotion.

### **Q2. Explain educational work on his philosophy.**

Ans: Kant's assumption that people in India and China were racially incapable of doing philosophy and, presenting all of Western philosophy as a linear progression from the ancient Greeks leading up to Kant, "Kant's claims about white racial superiority were accepted by generations of students, and Kant's own disciples rewrote the philosophy textbooks." They wrote India and Africa out of the history of philosophy. As a result, today people take it for granted without argument that there is no philosophy in China or Africa or India.

### **One word Answer**

1. Kant belonged to a poor family
- 2 He was Christian
3. Worked as teacher in Kongsberg University.
4. Secular ethics is the meaning of his deontological philosophy.
5. His last resting place is in Russia.





## **CHAPTER 19**

### **IMAM GHIZALI**

Imam Ghizali

Imam Ghizali was one of the greatest religious Jurist, Theologian, mystical thinker he revived the faith by reconstructing religion science upon the Sufism. He was born in a poor family in Tus 450 Hijri, His father died early and left his two children Muhammad and Ahmad in the custody of a friend with little money for their education. They lived together as long as the money existed but when it finished, he left the both children in famous religious institution and deserted them.

He completed his religious education in Tus, Gurgan and Nishapur under Sheikh Ahmad Rao kani, Abu Nasar Ismail, and Imam ul Harman at Nishapur.

He learned Jurisprudence at early age in childhood. He strove earnestly and exalted himself and soon emerged as the most discerning man of his era, at Nishapur he attended the assembly of vizier Nizam ul Mulk and attained highest rank through his teaching and refined arguments. The gathering of Nizam ul Mulk was the flocking place of great scholars.

One incident also took place in his educational life that when he was returning from his school the dacoits intercepted, took away all his belonging including his two written copies containing articles on religion and philosophy, He searched out dacoits and recovered his two copies, Dacoit taunted him what was the use of such elm which was not transferred to the people. Probably it changed his mind. He memorized his written script and adopted preaching his lifelong profession. He devoted his entire life in search of knowledge and imparting knowledge to the people. After the death of Imam ul Harman, he joined the court Nizam ul Mulk and soon became the head of Nizamiya college. He then taught Islamic Jurisprudence ethics, reasons he also worked to refute heresies from all segments of community He also became imam of Iraq and imam khoarsen.

He stayed at Nishapur for 28 year and continued his teaching profession Islamic subjects and philosophy, until 484 Hijri, after the death sultan Nizam ul Mulk and Imam ul Harmain. He renounced his teaching profession and wandered in Syria and Palestine in search of true knowledge.

During this period, he doubted reasons, philosophy as knowledge but divine guidance came to him, which restored his confidence in reason and philosophy. He now exclusively concentrated disciplining his souls changing his character traits, improving his, nature and life style. He was preparing himself for hereafter eternal abode. He now spent his time with spiritual travelers. Finally he attained highest spiritual state of mind and soul. He returned to his home land Tus where he spent rest of his life in Teaching, spiritual guidance to people, and in writing.







He died on 14th Jamaad Thariyah 505 Hijri. His shrine is in city of Tabran.

His books and epistle are beyond counting. Some of them are as under;

1. The revival of religious Science (Ahya Ulum al din)
2. 2 AL Iqtisad fi-Itiqad ( the middle path in theology)
3. Ayyuha al Walad
4. Bidyat at Hidayah
5. AIMunqidh min al Dala
6. Risala al Qudsiyya

He died on 14th, Jumad at Thaniyah 505 hijri in city Tabran.

According to Iman Ghizali teaching the solid good nature is morality, He divided people, from moral standard into 4 categories.

1. Ignorant who have no idea of what is good or bad.
2. Those who know what is bad but have no habit of doing good.
3. Those who think bad is good for them and do bad.
4. Those who born in hell. Live and die in hell.

Good nature people can be directed and guided but bad nature people cannot be rectified.

## **SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER**

### **Q1. What incident took place during his education?**

Ans: Dacoits waylaid him when he was returning from Madrassa and took away his two hands written copies of his thesis. He searched out dacoits and recovered his copies.

### **Q2. What do you know about his books?**

Ans: He used to write 16 Pages daily. He wrote mostly on topics related with religion, spiritualism, mysticism. ethics, Philosophy as to improve and makes better human nature,

### **Q3. What is his role in politics and diplomacy?**

Ans: In 485 hijri Abbasid caliph Muqtadi billah sent Imam Ghizāli as his ambassador to the wife of Malik Shah Saijuqi Rani begum, Caliph Mustabri was also a great admirer of Imam Ghizali mysticism He wrote a book title Mustabri on the requesting Mustabri.

### **Q4. How he distinguished characters of people into different categories.**

Ans: He divided people into four categories

1. Ignorant who have no idea between good and bad.
2. People know what is bad and have no habit of doing good.



3 Those who think bad is good and do bad things.

4. Those who born in hell and live and die in hell

Only those can be made better who are of good nature.

**Q5. How he spent last phase of his life?**

Ans: He spent his last spell of his life in his ancestral town. Where he preached, composed his theories experience to guide Muslims, manners of worships and mysticism.

**LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS**

**1. Write a note on Imam Ghizali book "the chemy of happiness"**

Ans: Imam Ghizali wrote a book comprising four volumes AHAYA ULUMU AL DIN which is epitomized as The chemy of Happiness. The aims and objectives of this book is to improve and promote religious and holy character of man by attracting man to spiritualism and mysticism through worships. habits. conducts and dealings and warding off man to all those evils which kill and destroy the soul of the man. He wrote this bouk in Arabi and Persian and it has been translated in Urdu and in many other languages of the world. t has been translated in English as the Chemy of happiness by Kalood Field.

**2. Where and whom he got his education?**

Ans: He completed his religious education in Tus, Gurgan and Nishapur under Sheikh Ahmad Rao kani, Abu Nasar Ismail, and Imam ul Harman at Nishapur.

He learned Jurisprudence at early age in childhood.

**3. What is his theory about ethics?**

Ans: According to Iman Ghizali teaching the solid good nature is morality, He divided people, from moral standard into 4 categories.

1. Ignorant who have no idea of what is good or bad.
2. Those who know what is bad but have no habit of doing good.
3. Those who think bad is good for them and do bad.
4. Those who born in hell. Live and die in hell.

**One word Answer**

1. Imam Ghizali was born in Tus
2. The family Profession of Imam Ghazali was teaching
3. Is the translation of chemy of happiness.
4. His rising place is Nisha pur
5. Imam Ghizali was the head of Madrassa Nizamia





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## **CHAPTER 20**

### **FLORENCE NIT ANGLE**

Florence Nit angle is known as the Pioneer of modern Nursing, She was born at villa Colombia in Florence Tuscany Italy on 12 May 1820. She belonged to rich English family. Her father William Edward was elite land owner.

She got early education at home. Besides mathematics she' also learnt German, French and Italian languages. She had the passion to become a Nurse which in Those days was not only lowly menial labor job but also not seen with respect Florence however determined to had a vocation of divine importance, in her childhood she used to Treat her dolls as her patients and herself as their. nurse despite her parents' disapproval she enrolled as nursing student in a institution of protestant Deaconesses in Kaiser Werth Germany. After the battle of Alma Britain there was uproar against sanitary conditions of hospital, medical staff and shortage of medicine. There was also no female nurse.

She got the job as Nurse in Harley hospital London. As she was beautiful and belonged to a rich elite family, she attracted many good proposals but she turned down all of them and considered marriage as a hurdle to- his nursing mission.

When Crimea war broke out between Allies forces of British and France against Russia over Ottoman Empire. British army assigned her exclusive Nursing project to take care wounded soldiers at Scatter British army hospital in constant pole (Turkey). Unsanitary condition was extremely in a horrid State. The patients lay on their own excrement on stretcher strewn throughout the hallways. Rodents and bugs scurried around.

There were short of medicine and bandage etc. Florence Nit angle with small contingent of Nurses stayed there for one and half year. Improved the sanitary conditions of hospital, Kitchen established library, laundry etc. By 1854 count of wounded and injured soldiers reached to 18,000 but her nursing, management and day night care of patients, reduced the death rate to two third. At night with the lamp she used to visit patient from bed to bed. Patients used to call her lady with lamp and the angle of Crimea war when the war was over she returned to the childhood town in London.

Queen of Victoria gifted her broach to Florence and cash 250,000 ponds.

Florence invested this money in boasting his nursing passion. Established hospital and nursing training school.

She also wrote books on nursing and its management matter affecting health which benef5ited British government in improving hospitals. and nursing management in US civil war she was consulted improving nursing and taking care of wounded soldiers.





She was awarded order of merit by King Edward in 1910 celebrity message by King George.  
13 August 1910 she took a long rest in peace in family graveyard London all her funeral ceremonies according to her desire was simply carried out.

### **SHORT QUESTIONS/ ANSWER**

**Q1. What are the services of Florence Nit angle for which she was awarded?**

Ans: She is the pioneer of modern Nursing. Through her service of nursing, she saved the life of injured soldiers of the Crimean War in thousands. She improved the cleanliness inside/outside hospital, improved environment, medicine, diet of the patients.

**Q2. What strategy she adopted during CRIMEA war?**

Ans: She made a batch of 38 Nurses. She cleaned inside/outside the hospital and created a very healthy atmosphere. Improved diet, medicine established library and introduced other recreational activities.

**Q3. Who and why is called lamp lady?**

Ans: Lamp lady is the title of Florence Nit angle because she used to visit patient at night with the lamp in her hand.

**Q4. What things are needed for early recovery of patients?**

Ans: The need of good and clean stretchers, beddings, bandage, medicine, good diet and other recreational activities.

**Q5. Why Florence Parents did not allow/nursing career?**

Ans: Florence parents were elite, rich proprietors. Nursing for women was generally not appreciated in elite families at that time in Britain. Nursing was also considered a menial job profession for women by elite families.

### **LONG QUESTIONS/ ANSWERS**

**Q1. What do you know about life of Florence Nit angle?**

Ans: Florence Nit angle is known as the Pioneer of modern Nursing; she was born at villa Colomba in Florence Tuscany Italy on 12 May 1820. She belonged to rich English family. Her father William Edward was elite land owner.

She got early education at home. Besides mathematics she' also learnt German, French and Italian languages.

She got the Job as Nurse in Harley hospital London







Queen of Victoria gifted her broach to Florence and cash 250,000 ponds.

Florence invested this money in boasting his nursing passion. Established hospital and nursing training school.

She was awarded order of merit by King Edward in 1910 celebrity message by King George. 13 August 1910 she took a long rest in peace in family graveyard London all her funeral ceremonies according to her desire was simply carried out.

## **Q2. Describe her services for Nursing.**

Ans: When Crimea war broke out between Allies forces of British and France against Russia over Ottoman Empire. There were short of medicine and bandage etc. Florence Nit angle with small contingent of Nurses stayed there for one and half year. Improved the sanitary conditions of hospital, Kitchen established library, laundry etc.

At night with the lamp she used to visit patient from bed to bed. Patients used to call her lady with lamp and the angle of Crimea war when the war was over she returned to the childhood town in London.

She also wrote books on nursing and its management matter affecting health which benef5ited British government in improving hospitals. and nursing management in US civil war she was consulted improving nursing and taking care of wounded soldiers

### **One word Answer**

Ans: From environment she means that the conditions inside and outside hospital surrounding must be healthy and clean. The condition of patient room. its floor cleaning windows, doors, stretcher bed, must be clean and fine. Must be given healthy diet. Patients must be provided with healthy activities. Indoor games. libraries. All places inside hospital must be cleaned besides there must be cleaned places for indoor sport activities and studies for the patients.

### **One word Answer**

1. Lamp lady is title of Florence Nit angle
- 2 She was born in Italy
- 3- Crimea war took place with Ukraine
4. 38 Nurses were working under her command
5. Notes on Nursing in her book

